1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT			
2	WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE			
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4)			
5	MARGARET DALLO,) C19-00865-TSZ			
6	Plaintiff,) SEATTLE, WASHINGTON)			
7	v.) Trial conducted) remotely via			
8	HOLLAND AMERICA LINE, INC.,) ZoomGov.com a Washington corporation;)			
9	HOLLAND AMERICA LINE - USA) September 29, 2020 INC., a Delaware)			
10	corporation; HOLLAND AMERICA) 9:00 a.m.			
	LINE N.V. LLC, a Curacao) corporation; and HAL) Trial - Day 1			
11	ANTILLEN N.V., a Curacao) corporation,)			
12) Defendants.)			
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14	VERBATIM REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS			
15	BEFORE THE HONORABLE THOMAS S. ZILLY UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE			
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18	APPEARANCES:			
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(Jury selection was not ordered transcribed.)

MR. ROOSA: Good afternoon, members of the jury. Μy 3 name is David Roosa, one of the attorneys for the plaintiff, Margaret Dallo. With me today is attorney Ken Friedman, who 4 you spoke to you during voir dire. And somebody who is with us today that you can't see is our trial tech assistant, and his name is Cameron, Cameron Taylor. You may hear us speaking to Cam throughout the trial, and I just wanted you to know that there was a person we're talking to here in this room. And we apologize, in advance, for any technical difficulties that may occur. We're in uncharted waters here, and we thank you for your time and attention.

So, with that aside, members of the court, counsel, jury, this is a straightforward case of a Holland America Line cruise ship crew member, Mr. Stefan Milic, who knocked down and seriously injured a passenger, by pushing open a door outward into a hallway while she was walking by.

There are two issues that you, the jury, will decide in this case. The first is whether Holland America Line is at fault for what happened to the passenger. The second issue is what amount of damages adequately compensates the passenger for the injuries that she sustained.

Can we see the first slide, please, Cam? This is an overhead view of a hallway on the MS Eurodam, a Holland America Line cruise ship. The evidence will show that

Mr. Milic opened the door as the passenger was walking in this direction.

Next slide, please. This is a photo of the door, from the perspective of Mr. Milic, as he pushed it open. This is a photo of the door from the perspective of the passenger, as she was walking down the hallway. She was walking on the right-hand side, and the door in question is lined in silver around the middle of the page.

Next slide, please. This is a picture of that same door in the fully open position, shown from the direction the passenger was walking.

Next slide, please. You'll hear from an eyewitness that when the passenger fell, she struck her head on the frame of this door on the other side of the hallway. And you can see where there's a blue pen scribble where a witness indicated that's where Ms. Dallo struck her head. The passenger was the plaintiff in this case, 84-year-old Margaret Dallo. And this is a picture of her taken just a few days before the injury she sustained.

The evidence will show that on November 26, 2018, while at sea, Holland America crew member, Stefan Milic, pushed open the metal door that you just saw, from a crew assembly area, striking Ms. Dallo on her right shoulder and knocking her over. Ms. Dallo hit her head on the frame of the door on the other side of the hallway that we just showed you. She

suffered a serious head injury that would later require surgery.

At the time of the incident, the seas were calm, and Ms. Dallo was walking in single file on the right side of the hallway with her two daughters, Jacklen and Layla, one in front of her and one walking behind her.

The witnesses all agree that these basic facts are true. Mrs. Dallo was walking past the door down the hallway, Mr. Milic opened the door and contacted her, and she fell striking her head. Several reports were generated in connection with the incident. Can we see the first one, please?

This is Exhibit 11. This is a report written by a Holland America Line security officer who investigated the incident. And he wrote in his report, his accident narrative, "The guest stated that whilst she was walking into the hallway on Deck 3 midship portside, a crew member opened the blue door and bumped her, which causes her to fell backward, and landed her buttock on the carpeted floor, and the back of her head bumped on the corner of the door.

"The CM ID 073866 alleges that he opened the door partially and gently, and he felt someone collided against the door, and he releases the door. He heard someone fell down, and saw a lady laying on the ground. He immediately calls 911 for assistance. He apologized to the guest and

stayed there the whole time until the medical assistance arrived.

"Area of the accident was inspected and found the emergency door and floor was in good condition. Sufficient light was observed in the area."

Here's a written statement by one of Mrs. Dallo's daughters, also provided on the day of the incident. She writes, "Walking into the hallway, employee, crew member, opened the door outward and fell backward and bumped her head on the door. The door did not have a sign from inside saying 'open gently'. Crew from shop. In the hallway of the shops. Did not get name of the employee." Then the name of the employee is down there at the bottom, Stefan Milic.

We also have a written statement from Mr. Milic himself. Mr. Milic wrote in his statement, "Today at 12 o'clock, noon at midship area, Deck 3 crew area, crew staircase, I have gently opened the crew portside to enter guest area. I was together with my co-workers.

"While I was opening the door gently I have felt the bump, and I have released the door. I have heard that someone have fell down. I have opened the door very" -- "I have opened the door" -- I cannot read that word -- "gently. And then I saw the lady from the cabin 7002 laying on the ground. After the accident I immediately called 911 to call for help. I was with the guest the whole time until the help arrived. I

have accompanied her -- I have accompanied -- I have apologized for the accident." Excuse me.

You will hear testimony from Holland America Line's own representative that Mrs. Dallo was walking in a place where she was allowed to walk and where guests were expected to be walking. A representative for Holland America Line also confirmed that in all of the written documentation, all of the incident reports and guest accident reports, not a single person, even Mr. Milic, who opened the door, said that Mrs. Dallo did something wrong.

That same Holland America Line representative, the security officer who performed the investigation, never spoke to the other two witnesses that were mentioned in Mr. Milic's report. You may recall from just now that in Mr. Milic's crew member statement, he wrote, "I was together with my co-workers" -- and these are a couple of brothers whose name, I apologize, I am having difficulty reading here; however, both of these individuals were there. However, Security Officer Aguirre, who performed the investigation, never took their statements or never recorded them.

The evidence will show that there was no signage on Mr. Milic's side of the door instructing him to open the door carefully or use caution. There was a sign on his side of the door, and it said this: (Demonstrating).

You will also learn that there was no signage or other

indication on Mrs. Dallo's side of the door telling her it was unsafe to walk where she was. This is, again, the view from the direction that Mrs. Dallo was walking, with the door on the right-hand side. And you'll notice there is no sign indicating that she can't walk there. There's no sign saying, "Door opens suddenly." And, in fact, there is a handrail on the right-hand side of the hallway.

Plaintiff has retained a human factors and safety expert,
Ms. Joellen Gill. Ms. Gill has --

(Mr. Roosa cut out and the court reporter requested he repeat.)

MR. ROOSA: Plaintiff has retained a human factors and safety expert, Ms. Joellen Gill. Ms. Gill inspected the area where this occurred and will testify, based on her experience and education, that Mrs. Dallo's conduct was foreseeable. She'll testify that the features of the hallway and the door did not give warning to passersby that the door would suddenly open or knock them over. She also testified that this was a preventable incident that could have been avoided if proper steps had been taken.

Next slide, please. Simply put, members of the jury, this door, which opens outward into this hallway where passengers are walking, combined with a lack of signage, was a dangerous condition. The evidence will show that what happened to Ms. Dallo was a foreseeable risk to passengers, and that

Holland America took insufficient steps to prevent it from happening. There was no warning sign to the passengers, no sign instructing crew members to open the door slowly, and apparently insufficient training for crew members that the door should be opened carefully and slowly.

The evidence will also show that Mr. Milic simply opened the door without using reasonable caution, without due regard for what or who could be on the other side of it.

As a result of Mrs. Dallo striking her head that day, she developed a brain bleed or a subdural hematoma. Over the following days and weeks, her family members began to notice changes in her behavior. She became tired, sluggish, her daughters could tell that something was wrong.

After giving her some time to see if she would get better, they brought her to the hospital where she was sent for imaging and was diagnosed with a bilateral subacute subdural hematoma.

Just a little bit of medical jargon to talk about really quickly here. Bilateral, in this sense, means on both sides of the head. Subacute means that the bleed developed in the days and weeks after the injury. Subdural hematoma, meaning a pocket of blood inside the skull.

As the bleed progressed, pressure was building up inside Mrs. Dallo's skull. You see here two exhibits. On the left is a demonstrative exhibit that shows you, in a sense, what a

subdural hematoma looks like. You have a torn vessel of some sort that causes blood to enter inside the skull. The blood then compresses the brain, exerts pressure on it. On the right you see a scan of Mrs. Dallo's head that was taken several weeks -- a number of weeks after the incident occurred, which shows the bleed on both sides of her brain.

We're going to present for you an expert who is going to talk about these, about the brain condition and about the surgery that was necessary to correct this. Once she was diagnosed with this subdural hematoma, Mrs. Dallo was sent for what is called a craniotomy procedure. And that is essentially where the skull is opened up so that the pressure can be relieved.

You'll hear from plaintiff's neurosurgeon expert, Dr. Cary Alberstone, who is board certified with over 25 years of experience. Dr. Alberstone has performed craniotomy procedures. He'll testify that the fall where she struck her head caused the subdural hematoma, and that the surgery, the craniotomy, was required as a result of it.

He will also testify that her symptoms before and after the surgery are completely consistent with the injury she suffered on the ship.

You, the jury, are going to learn an awful lot about brain injuries in this case. And one of the things you're going to learn in this trial is that the older you get, the more

vulnerable you are to a brain injury. And that's because, as
Dr. Alberstone will explain, as you age, your brain gets
smaller inside of your head, and there's more space in the
cranium, making injury more likely if you experience trauma.
In general, being younger makes you more resistant to this
kind of injury.

And that's important in this case, because the evidence will show that Margaret Dallo was born on July 1, 1934. She was 84 years old when this injury occurred. She was born in a small village in northern Iraq. Here is a picture of Mrs. Dallo taken in 1954. Her family practices Chaldean Christianity.

She moved with her family to the United States in 1976.

They first lived in Michigan, then moved to San Diego, where she lives today. You'll meet Margaret Dallo in this case.

Mrs. Dallo speaks English, but she struggles with the language. She can hold a basic conversation, but she'll have the assistance of an interpreter when she testifies at this trial.

Earlier I showed you a picture and I want to show it to you again. This was taken just days before Mrs. Dallo was hurt on the cruise ship. Before this fall, she was a proud mother, a grandmother, and a great grandmother, of a large family, who enjoyed cooking, hosting frequent gatherings in her home.

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The evidence will show that immediately prior to this injury, she was a steady churchgoer, she liked to play bingo. She would pick the fruit and tend to the garden behind her home. She was able to walk without any assistance and without the use of a walker. She was always present for weddings, first communions, and anything involving her family.

I'm going to show you a video taken at her great granddaughter's baptism on June 16, 2018, just a few months before the injury in this case. Before I put this up, I want to warn members of the jury that the volume of this video may be loud, so just be aware and don't be surprised.

(Video played.)

MR. ROOSA: Members of the jury, the resolution on that video is a little different when we show it live, but you'll have this video to look at yourselves when you take it back to the jury room. And I encourage you to do so. Just a few months before this injury, you can see her dancing at a wedding, talking to all her family members. That video goes for quite some time. And it's up to you whether you want to watch it in its entirety.

Mrs. Dallo was an adventurous soul who enjoyed traveling. Here is a picture of her in 2016 where she's on the Capilano Bridge in Vancouver, Canada. She loved to go on cruises.

Since the fall and since her surgery, the evidence will

show that her life is very different. She rarely goes to church now, she can't go out and play bingo, she can no longer cook or entertain when her family visits. She can't tolerate the noise and the commotion of the visits with her grandchildren running around. And as a result, the visits have all but stopped.

Now, her family visits her in small groups, just a few people at a time, because they know she can't tolerate it.

She also uses a four-point walker when she moves around. And she never used a walker before this happened. Whereas she used to be able to move on her own and keep up with her family members on excursions, now she needs help and she struggles to get out of the house. She hasn't been on a cruise or traveled taking a vacation since this happened in November 2018.

Now, at some point during this trial, Holland America Line hired a private investigator. This private investigator followed Mrs. Dallo and took video of her, completely unknown to her or anyone else. They did this to see if she was lying about her condition. In that video, you will see a woman who moves and walks nothing like what we've showed you in the previous video.

You will also see and hear from a number of family members: Mrs. Dallo's housekeeper, and her neighbor. You may ask yourself, why? The reason for this is that Holland

America Line contends that Mrs. Dallo was not hurt when she hit her head, and that her condition hasn't changed substantially.

The defense will point to Mrs. Dallo's medical records before her injury and argue that she had prior health concerns. And that's true. She had a history of headaches. She reported things like dizziness and being tired on occasion. She had fallen a couple of times. One of her doctors suspected that she might be depressed, though she never reported depression herself.

Regardless of what was in those medical records, the evidence from the witnesses you'll meet in this case will be that Mrs. Dallo was still able to move independently, walk without assistance, host large family gatherings, attend weddings and other special occasions, cook meals, attend church, right up to and until the Holland America Line crew member opened the door and knocked her over.

And since her fall, her mobility, her energy, her ability to do the things that she loved, is gone. She was a busy, capable and active 84-year-old. Now she is severely limited. And the evidence will show it's because of the injury she suffered on November 26, 2018.

Members of the jury, the testimony and evidence we will present will show that this incident has taken so much from Margaret Dallo, so much that she had to look forward to in

the remaining years of her life. And at the end of this case, we will ask you to return a significant verdict, one that recognizes and fully compensates her for what she has gone through, what was taken from her, and what she will have to endure moving forward.

Thank you.

THE LAW CLERK: Judge, you're muted.

THE COURT: Ms. Conner, it's your time to make your opening statement.

MS. CONNER: Thank you, Your Honor.

Good afternoon, ladies and gentlemen. I introduced myself to you earlier this morning. My name is Lisa Conner. And I, together with my colleague Melody Chang, have the pleasure of representing the defendant in this case, Holland America Cruise Lines. We're assisted today with Ms. Anneke Borst, who might be -- if you see me mentioning Ms. Borst, she's assisting with showing some of the exhibits that I'm going to share with you during the opening statement.

Ms. Dallo sustained injuries while vacationing aboard the Eurodam. My client, Holland America, is being sued for those injuries. Ms. Dallo, as the plaintiff, bears the burden of proof. She bears the burden of proving that my client was negligent and that her injuries were caused by my client's negligence.

Accidents are unfortunate, but they happen. And just

because an accident happened, doesn't mean someone is at fault.

What will the evidence in this trial show? The evidence will show that this accident is just that, an accident. I'm going to tell you a story that is slightly different from the one you just heard from Mr. Roosa. Ms. Dallo --

THE COURT: Keep your voice up, please.

MS. CONNER: Sure. Let me turn my microphone up, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MS. CONNER: Ms. Dallo and her daughters were on a two-week Hawaiian cruise aboard Eurodam. Every day of the cruise, sometimes two or three times a day, they would walk down the hallway on the promenade deck, through the gift shops, towards the dining room. Every time they walked down the hallway, they walked by the subject door. They walked up and down this hallway for 15 days prior to Ms. Dallo's accident. They will testify that before this accident occurred, they did not notice the door existed.

During this trial, you're going to hear details about Mrs. Dallo's accident and its investigation. You will hear testimony from Holland America's security officer, Mark Aguirre. He investigated the incident and he interviewed the individual who was opening the door that bumped into Ms. Dallo. His name is Stefan Milic. And he worked in the

gift shop aboard the cruise ship.

Security Officer Aguirre met with Mr. Milic and he took
him to the accident scene to show him where and how the
accident occurred. Security Officer Aguirre took photographs
of the area and prepared an incident report that counsel just
showed you.

You will see the guest statement from Ms. Dallo's daughter that the door opened outward. And you will also see the witness statement from Mr. Milic that the door opened gently. These statements were both completed the day of Ms. Dallo's accident.

You will hear Mr. Jim Colwell, the manager of claims and litigation for Holland America Group, testify in this matter. Mr. Colwell has worked for Holland America Group for over 30 years, and he's managed passenger-injury claims for over 20 years.

Mr. Colwell is going to describe the Eurodam to us, and he's also going to describe that tens of thousands of passengers sail on the Eurodam every year. Mr. Colwell will testify that there is no evidence that any passenger has ever been injured by this door, other than Mrs. Dallo.

After Mrs. Dallo's accident occurred, she was taken to the ship's medical center where she was examined by the medical staff. There was a bruise on the back of her head, or the occipital area, but there was no bleeding. Her vital signs

were normal. She denied losing consciousness or being confused. She could walk and talk. She described the accident and what happened to her, in detail. Her eyesight was fine. She was not nauseous.

She was offered pain medication, but declined, saying she had brought her own pain medication on board. She was told by the ship's doctor to call or return to the medical center if her symptoms changed or if they became worse. Ms. Dallo never called the ship's doctor. She never went back to the infirmary. She finished her cruise and returned home.

Sometime after returning home from the cruise, Ms. Dallo and her daughters thought Ms. Dallo wasn't quite right. Now, you're going to hear testimony from quite a few of Ms. Dallo's family members and her friends, and they're going to tell you that before this accident occurred, Ms. Dallo was a vibrant woman who cared for her family. She enjoyed gardening. She enjoyed hosting large dinner parties. But you're also going to hear from a Dr. Anderson and a Dr. Allos. And they were Ms. Dallo's treating physicians for many, many years before this accident.

Dr. Allos and Dr. Anderson are going to explain to you the numerous health issues Ms. Dallo had before she came aboard the Eurodam, to include chronic joint pain, knee replacement surgeries, neck pain, back pain, itching, hypertension or high blood pressure, thyroid issues, shortness of breath,

chest pains, sleep apnea, double vision, peripheral neuropathy, diastolic heart failure and lung cancer.

At the time of the cruise, Ms. Dallo was on a number of medications, including blood thinners. In fact, Dr. Anderson and Dr. Allos testified they had some concerns that she was experiencing medication overuse symptoms.

The doctors will testify that many of the injuries

Ms. Dallo claims were caused by the accident aboard the

Eurodam, in fact, had been plaguing her for years before she

was on the cruise ship, to include chronic daily headaches

for most of her life, depression, dizziness, anxiety, ringing

and buzzing in her ears, chronic fatigue, and mobility and

loss of balance issues.

You will hear the doctors testify that for years before this accident occurred, they prescribed different types of medication for Ms. Dallo's headaches, dizziness, fatigue and depression. Dr. Anderson referred Ms. Dallo to a number of specialists, including neurologists and fall-prevention physical therapists, to treat her declining health and cognitive and mobility issues.

As counsel described, a couple months after this cruise, in January of 2019, Ms. Dallo had surgery to drain a left-sided subdural hematoma from her skull. And as counsel explained, a subdural hematoma is a medical word for bleeding between the skull and the brain.

How do you get a subdural hematoma? Do you have to hit your head to get a subdural hematoma? Who is more susceptible to subdural hematomas? The expert neurologist will provide answers to these questions for you to consider. You're going to learn something in this trial about your head and your brain, and you're going to learn the effect aging has on your head and your brain.

You will hear from my expert, Dr. Venkat. Dr. Venkat is the Professor of Neurology and Neurological Science at Stanford University School of Medicine. She's trained in neurology, stroke neurology, and neurocritical care. Her experience is caring for brain-trauma injuries. She has been involved in a number of clinical trials, with her primary focus being on brain-hemorrhage injuries.

Dr. Venkat is going to take you inside of Ms. Dallo's head. Dr. Venkat will show you pictures of Ms. Dallo's brain before the accident happened on the Eurodam, including this image that we're showing you right now from September 22, 2017, a year before the Eurodam accident. This image shows that Ms. Dallo had a right-scalp hematoma and brain atrophy, or shrinking.

Dr. Venkat will show you the white matter or silent strokes in Ms. Dallo's brain. She will describe to you Ms. Dallo's brain shrinkage and the stretching and leaking blood vessels in her head that existed prior to this

accident. Dr. Venkat will testify that subdural hematomas can develop spontaneously, without any trauma, due solely to the aging process.

Now, if you have any interest in shipbuilding or design, you're going to enjoy hearing from our expert, naval architect Mr. Larry Greif. Mr. Greif has over 40 years of experience in the shipbuilding industry as a naval architect, a marine engineer, and a United States Coast Guard ship inspector.

Mr. Greif is going to tell you about the different regulations that apply to the Eurodam, and the safety standards that the Eurodam has to meet to sail with passengers to the ports of the United States, including Hawaii. Mr. Greif is going to explain to you why this door is where it is, and why the door is made out of solid steel.

Mr. Greif is going to testify about fire-safe zones on cruise ships, and how ships are designed and built to keep fires from spreading. Mr. Greif is also going to tell you about fire-safe doors, such as this one, and the need for crew members and passengers to have a way to exit the cruise ship in case of an emergency.

Mr. Greif will testify that the subject double doors had to swing outward to allow individuals to be able to exit from the subject doors through the hallway, through the other sets of double doors, and out to the deck where they could board

lifeboats in case of an emergency.

You're also going to hear from our biomechanical engineer and accident reconstructionist, Mr. Issac Ikram. Mr. Ikram came aboard the Eurodam with a 3D scanner. And he's going to share with you a number of the 3D images that he obtained of the ship. And he's going to try and give you a real sense of the size of the door and the hallway where this accident occurred. And if you're someone who likes numbers, you're going to enjoy Mr. Ikram's testimony. He will share with you his measurements and his dimensions and calculations of the door and the hallway.

Mr. Ikram is going to describe for you something called a "swing path," and testify about the swing path of the door. He's also going to explain to you what visual cues are and visual cues concerning this door. This door is not a secret door leading to some hidden passage, it's a large double door with visual cues, including silver trim that contrasts against the color of the wall, silver doorknobs, silver hinges, and an exit sign above the door pointing out the direction of traffic flow in case of an emergency.

At the end of hearing all of the evidence in this matter, you're going to have to apply the law to the evidence. The evidence will show that Holland America met the safety regulations that apply to passenger cruise ships and the safety regulations concerning this fire-safe door.

The evidence will show that thousands of Eurodam passengers have walked down this hallway and passed by this

3 door, without injury.

Ms. Dallo has the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the evidence, that my client did not act reasonably and that the door was a dangerous condition. When you hear the evidence in this case, ladies and gentlemen, ask yourself, was the Eurodam different from other cruise ships? Is this fire-safe door different from other cruise ships' fire-safe doors? Was this door a dangerous condition?

If you cannot agree that my clients did not act reasonably or you cannot agree that the door was a dangerous condition, then plaintiff has not met her burden of proof.

I'd also like you to ask yourself, was there anything

Ms. Dallo could have done differently? Was she using

reasonable care when she walked down this hallway? Did the

door knock her down? Did she lose her balance?

As counsel explained, you're going to hear from Ms. Dallo during this trial. She will tell you that she has problems with her memory, and headaches, and other symptoms since this accident occurred. I'm going to spend some -- I'm going to spend quite some time with Ms. Dallo reviewing her medical records and falling accidents that she sustained before her cruise on the Eurodam.

The evidence will show her years of complaints she had

concerning headaches, depression, fatigue and mobility problems. Please keep in mind, I'm not trying to be disrespectful to Ms. Dallo, but it's important that you, the jurors, hear the evidence concerning her health issues and complaints that she had prior to this cruise, so that you can best evaluate whether this accident has affected her. It's important that you hear the evidence concerning her balance issues before this cruise, the falls she sustained before this cruise, and her state of health before this cruise.

As you listen to the medical evidence and the doctors testify in this case, ask yourself, what injury did Ms. Dallo sustain on the Eurodam? Are her current complaints related to the accident that occurred on the Eurodam? Plaintiff has the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the evidence, that she sustained injuries because of this accident, and what those injuries are, specifically. If you cannot agree on whether Ms. Dallo sustained injuries because of this accident or what her injuries are, then she has not met her burden of proof.

And what about damages? Ms. Dallo is suing my client for monetary damages. You will need to agree whether Ms. Dallo is entitled to any monetary damages. Your job is not to punish either of the parties, but to rely on the evidence. You will be instructed, "The plaintiff bears the burden of proving damages by a preponderance of the evidence. It is

for you to determine, based upon the evidence, what damages, if any, have been proved. Your award of damages must be based upon evidence and not upon speculation, guess or conjecture."

Ms. Dallo and her family are going to testify that she's not the same anymore. She was 84 years of age when she went on the Eurodam, and now she is 86 years old. The evidence will show that she had declining health and cognitive issues prior to this cruise. She continues to age. You may feel sympathy for Ms. Dallo and her family, and that's okay, that's being human, showing compassion. But the evidence will show that the injuries and ongoing complaints Ms. Dallo has are not my client's fault. Sympathy should not control how you view this case. Your final decision in this case must be based on the facts, the evidence, and the law.

At the end of the parties presenting their evidence, I'll get to speak with you again about this case; it's called my closing argument. I'll have a chance to summarize for you the witness testimony and the evidence the parties presented at trial. I'll remind you where this accident occurred, why the subject door is there, what the subject door looks like, and the fact that no other passenger has ever been injured by this door.

I will ask you to consider the law and apply the law to the facts and the evidence in this case. I will ask that you

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    enter a verdict in favor of Holland America.
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        Thank you.
             THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, we're going to hear
 3
 4
    our first witness in just a moment. But I'm going to suggest
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    we all take a stretch in place. Please stay in front of your
 6
    camera and take 30 seconds to a minute, and we'll just
 7
    stretch and move around a little bit. And perhaps Madame
 8
    Clerk can find our witness and bring the witness into the
 9
    courtroom.
             THE CLERK: Thank you, Your Honor.
10
11
        Mr. Roosa, do you have the witness ready?
12
             MR. FRIEDMAN: We believe she's ready.
13
             THE CLERK: Thank you very much, Mr. Friedman.
14
        May I have the name of the witness, please, counsel?
15
             MR. FRIEDMAN:
                            Jacklen Michail, M-I-C-H-A-I-L.
16
             THE CLERK: Thank you. Your Honor, we're ready to
17
    proceed.
18
             THE COURT: Go ahead.
19
             THE LAW CLERK: Your Honor, we're not quite ready.
    Ms. Michail's audio is not quite connected.
20
21
             MR. FRIEDMAN: Ms. Michail, can you hear us?
22
             THE CLERK: Ms. Michail, are you ready?
23
             THE WITNESS: Yes.
24
             THE CLERK: Thank you, Your Honor. May I proceed?
             THE COURT:
25
                         Yes.
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