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3	IN OPEN COURT - JURY PRESENT
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5	THE COURT: Mr. Specter.
6	MR. SPECTER: Thank you, Your Honor.
7	May it please the Court, Counsel. JoAnn
8	and Mike Goretzka, the Goretzka family.
9	Ladies and gentlemen of the jury, good
10	morning.
11	I'm writing down the time. I'm taking
12	off my watch; and I'm putting it right in
13	front of me here (indicating), because I'm
14	going to try not to go for 2 hours and
15	42 minutes. I'll do my best.
16	Chief Justice Earl Warren said that
17	aside from putting on the uniform of your
18	country in time of war, the most important
19	thing you can do as a citizen is serve on
20	a jury. He said it was more important
21	than voting and more important than paying
22	your taxes. I'm not sure that you felt
23	that way when you were summoned to this
24	courthouse a month ago, it seems, close to
25	a month ago.

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2194 way now.

But I'll bet you feel that way now. I'll bet you do. I'll bet you do. And while I join Mr. Levicoff in thanking you, I don't necessarily completely share his view concerning hardship. I do know that it has been a hardship for you to be here and be away from your daily duties, but all of us have important things to do in our lives. Sometimes the important things we have to do in our lives, they're not of our choice.

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Your dad gets sick, and you have to go 12 take care of him. Or you have a child 13 that needs special things, a special-needs 14 child. Or because you're a citizen of 15 Allegheny County and you take a jury 16 summons seriously, you're asked to resolve 17 a remarkably and enormously important 18 Not just for the Goretzka family 19 issue. and for West Penn Power, but for the 20 community. 21

And, respectfully, I think that's an honor. I think it's an honor. I'm sure there are a lot of people sitting back here who would love to be able to sit in

your seat because of the enormity of the responsibility that you have and because of the right and obligation that you have to make this right. So I thank you for your service, but I confess a bit of envy for myself.

Mike, what are you thinking about? 7 What do you think he's thinking about 8 today? What do you think he thought about 9 this morning when he got up? Last night 10 when he went to bed? Last month? Last 11 vear? As the fall has turned to winter 12 and winter will turn to spring, what does 13 he think? What does Chloe think? What 14 does Carlie think? What does JoAnn think? 15

There is a poem. This is just a short 16 excerpt from a poem, but I kind of liked 17 this. "At the rising of the sun and going 18 down, I recall her. At the blowing of the 19 wind and in the chill of winter, I recall 20 her. At the opening of the buds and in 21 the rebirth of spring, at the shining of 22 the sun and in the warmth of summer. At 23 the rustling of the leaves and in the 24 beauty of autumn, I recall her." 25

I'm reminded that Sunday was the three and a half year anniversary of this tragedy. If you have little kids, you know that kids count things in half years. "How old are you?" "I'm three and a half." So I'm sure that the kids think about that, a half-year anniversary, just like they think about the full-year anniversary. And I'm reminded of what the English philosopher of the 18th contury.

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philosopher of the 18th century, Edmund Burke, said about something awful that had happened when he was living. He said, "This is an event that's happened upon which it is difficult to speak and impossible to be silent." It's difficult to speak and I have difficulty speaking, but it's impossible to be silent about this.

20 And when we're finished with the 21 speeches and Your Honor charges you and 22 you go deliberate and come back and 23 announce your verdict, you will break the 24 silence; because this horrible thing 25 that's happened, you will decide what will

be said. You. Not me. Not defense
 counsel. You.

There are so many outrages here. There are just so many, it's hard for me to catalog them all. Let's start with this. This case should never have been tried. Never have been tried.

If this case would have to be tried, 8 West Penn's liability should never have 9 been contested. How can they, with a 10 straight face for three and a half weeks, 11 come in here and contest their 12 responsibility for the death of Carrie 13 That is such an immoral 14 Goretzka? 15 outrage.

16This woman was minding her own17business, taking care of her children,18thrust into an emergency not of her own19making, killed in her yard, her yard, by a20power line that fell on a clear, sunny day21through no fault of her own.

22They make us prove their23responsibility, and they have the nerve24and the outrageous insult to blame her for25her own death. And I'll come back to

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that.

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As the lawyer for the family, I could 2 have tried the case very differently. I 3 could have simply proven that it was a 4 clear, sunny day and the line fell. 5 Ι 6 could have relied upon that fact by itself. I don't have to prove anything 7 else. 8 Because under the law, when something 9

10occurs that would not ordinarily occur,11unless there was negligence -- negligence,12lack of due care -- then the mere13happening of that incident is sufficient14to prove that the Defendant is15responsible.

It goes back hundreds of years. When 16 we were in law school, we read a case 17 about a man walking down a street; and a 18 barrel comes out of a second-floor window; 19 and it hits him walking down the sidewalk. 20 He sues the owner of the property and 21 says, "A barrel hit me coming out of the 22 second-floor window." 23

24The case went to court, and the judge25made the determination that you don't have

1to prove why the barrel rolled out the2window. It's unimportant. The person who3owns the property has a responsibility to4keep barrels from rolling out the window.5The mere fact that you were struck by a6barrel walking down the sidewalk is7enough.

8We have a term for it in Latin. It's9called res ipsa loquitur. We learned it10in the first two weeks of law school.11"The thing speaks for itself" is what that12means. And we shorten it to res ipsa.

What that means is that in a case like this, where a power line shouldn't fall out of the sky on a clear, sunny day without any trauma to it, you don't have to prove anything but that.

Now, we, of course, went a step 18 further to show you exactly why it 19 happened. But we didn't have to do that. 20 But His Honor is going to charge you that 21 if you find that this is the kind of an 22 incident that would not ordinarily occur, 23 except in the presence of negligence, then 24 we've met our burden of proof. 25

You don't have to consider these 1 issues about wire brushing, about the 2 splices, which splice, the second splice, 3 the third splice. You don't have to 4 consider any of those things. You only 5 have to decide whether this wouldn't 6 ordinarily happen unless there was 7 negligence in the installation and/or the 8 maintenance of the line. 9 And if you find that, we've proven our 10 case on negligence, period. End of story. 11 And you know I went through it with 12 literally half a dozen of the West Penn 13 14 people, that exact question. And I think I went through that when I 15 was finishing the cross-examination of 16 Mr. Turek. I went through each of those 17 individual questions with Mr. Turek. 18 "Did you know that the lineman, Mr. Jones, said 19 that an automatic splice properly 20 installed should never fail?" "No, I 21 didn't know that, but I'll take your word 22 for it," he told us. 23 And Mr. Falo, "A properly installed 24

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sleeve should never fail." And

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Mr. Schellhaus, the trainer, "A power line shouldn't just fall on a clear, sunny day." And Miss D'Angelo, the woman in standards who was in charge of this product, "If there is proper installation, there should be no problem with the splice holding."

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And Mr. Romano, "Never saw a line fall 8 for no traumatic reason." And Dr. Laird 9 said that. And Mr. Havlik from Hubbell 10 said that. And Gary Smyda said that. He 11 said that all normal causes for a line 12 falling or failing were eliminated by him 13 14 as a possible explanation for how this line fell. 15

So six West Penn Power employees, six experienced people; two linemen, a trainer, the head of standards, Mr. Romano had many jobs in the company and who was a top man in claims and Mr. Smyda, also many jobs, an engineer at the company, all said the same thing.

Do I even have to call them for you to understand that? When you came into the courthouse, if I had said to you, "Should

a power line fall on a clear, sunny day? 1 And if it does, would that ordinarily be 2 the fault of the power company?" Wouldn't 3 you all say to me, "Well, of course, 4 Mr. Specter"? 5 And you would tell me that because all 6 7 of us, we pass under power lines every day, dozens of them, maybe hundreds of 8 them, all of us every day. We have to 9 trust the integrity of the power lines. 10 We must. It's a matter of life and death. 11 And so the privilege to be able to 12 transmit and distribute high-voltage 13 14 electricity in our community and across the Commonwealth and across the country, 15 it's an awesome right and privilege. But 16 with it comes responsibilities, and those 17 responsibilities include making sure the 18

19 lines don't fall.
20 And if they fall on a

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And if they fall on a clear, sunny day, you step up; and you say, "The line fell. It burned your grass, Mr. Goretzka. We're terribly sorry, and we're going to compensate you for your grass. And, by the way, more important for you and your

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1	family, we're going to find out why that
2	line fell.
3	"In fact, we know it fell twice.
4	We're really going to find out why it
5	fell, because we don't want it to fall on
6	anybody in your family. We don't want it
7	to fall on one of your kids or your wife
8	or yourself." Of course, that didn't
9	happen; did it?
10	When it does fall on Carrie Goretzka,
11	you step up; and you say, "This shouldn't
12	have happened. We're going to work this
13	out. I know we can't replace your wife,
14	but we're not going to make you try your
15	case; and we're going to fix things at the
16	company."
17	So just on the idea of res ipsa, as I
18	explained to you, we've proven our case.
19	But we went beyond that. And, of course,
20	you know, as we discussed in our opening,
21	that the power company, because they have
22	this special position in society, the
23	privilege and the right to transmit high-

voltage electricity, that they have the

legal duty to use the highest degree of

care practicable, highest degree, highest degree. I'm sorry, but it can't be said too many times. And His Honor is going to tell you that in his charge to the jury. And it's not like, as Mr. Levicoff tried to say to you in his opening speech, that Carrie Goretzka had the highest duty,

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because she didn't. She had only the duty to act reasonably. She doesn't transmit and distribute high-voltage electricity.

She's a mom -- or she was a mom and a landowner and a person confronted by an emergency. She had an obligation to act reasonably and nothing more.

Now, we've proven that the cause of 15 this failure was improper splice 16 preparation. As I said, we didn't have to 17 prove line failure. And you have a 18 perfect right to have a much shorter 19 deliberation than you might otherwise have 20 if you just say, "We don't need to get 21 into this conversation, because the line 22 shouldn't have fallen." 23

24And if you feel that way, you can skip25over the three weeks of argumentation

about scratch marks and all the rest of it. Some of you may want to discuss that, so I need to. I know Mr. Levicoff talked about it. But I do note, kind of interesting, I thought, he started his speech yesterday at 12:40 p.m. I don't know if you noticed this.

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It went for an hour -- it went until 8 2:28 p.m., an hour and 48 minutes, before 9 he actually ever talked about why the line 10 came down. Did you notice that? It took 11 him an hour and 48 minutes to get to the 12 only really important question in the 13 case: Why did the line come down? If you 14 get past res ipsa. 15

What does that tell you, by the way? What does it tell you when you're bobbing and weaving for so long and filibustering for so long that you don't even get to the central issue for an hour and 48 minutes?

Okay. But, first of all, what is the evidence that the wire came down because of improper splice preparation? Failure to wire brush. The evidence is overwhelming -- now, this is not a

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criminal case. We don't have to prove anything beyond a reasonable doubt. We only have to prove more likely than not.

Imagine the balance scales. If the scales tip ever so slightly in our favor, then we have met our claim. But here the scales tip like that (indicating). First of all, it was clear from the physical evidence that there was no wire brushing on the failed side of the failed splice.

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This is the piece right here (indicating). This is the piece that was inside the failed side of the failed splice (indicating). This had the end cap on top of it. There was a little melting at the inside end of the end cap, but not much. And the outside is pristine.

And it sat like this (indicating). 18 You saw that a million times. And it's 19 not badly corroded. It's not melted. You 20 can see all, I think, seven strands very 21 well. This was passed around. This was 22 23 shown to you. There were photographs shown. There were blowups shown. 24 25

And there is no wire brushing here.

Who says that? Mr. Havlik, Mr. Dagenhart, Dr. Laird, who Mr. Levicoff admits is a preeminent materials scientist. Is there any contrary evidence? Mr. Turek says there are a couple of areas that may be wire brushing, may be. He doesn't say it's wire brushed. He points to a couple of stray random marks that he says might be wire brushing.

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Now, don't you think if it was wire 10 brushed, he would say so definitively? Do 11 you know how these wire brushes work? 12 This is the one that they used 13 14 (indicating). I counted them up. There are 30 rows on each side. That's 900 15 bristles. 900. 16

I know they don't all make contact 17 with the conductor at the same time; but 18 good wire brushing, you're going to have 19 hundreds of these bristles making contact 20 with the conductor. You're not going to 21 have a couple stray things which you say 22 is wire brushing. If it's brushed, it's 23 brushed; and you're going to have a lot of 24 brush marks on the conductor. 25

Now, you might say, "I would like to see this for myself. I would like to take this back into the jury room. I would like to look at it." I'm going to apply Mr. Gorbachev's famous comment, "Trust but verify." You're welcome to.

7If you want some piece of evidence in8this case, just ask for it. It will be9sent to you. If you want a photograph,10you want a diagram, you want splices, you11want the wire, if it's in evidence, you'll12get it. Just keep it in order, but you'll13get it.

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So the first thing is the physical evidence. It's absolutely clear it was not wire brushed. That should be the end of the story. Particularly when, by the way, it's Christopher Havlik who says so. I know there has been a lot of effort

here by Mr. Levicoff to run down Mr. Havlik, but can we just step back for a second? Can we just collectively apply our common sense to the question of Mr. Havlik, if we may?

Some of you are in business, some of

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you aren't; but I think you all understand the basics of business. West Penn, Allegheny Power, First Energy, these are all customers of Hubbell. Hubbell can't survive as a company if they're acting contrary to their customers; right?

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I mean, there are other places to buy 7 splices. We know that. We've seen the 8 names like MacLean. I forget all the 9 names. Maybe you have them in your notes. 10 You can buy splices from a lot of people. 11 It's a competitive business. We think 12 it's like, you know, in the Hubbell --13 sort of the Hubbell/West Penn, you know, 14 Allegheny/First Energy relations. They're 15 a supplier; right? 16

> Hubbell is a supplier to West Penn. Their supplier comes in and testifies that their men didn't properly wire brush the conductor and they're at fault for the death of Carrie Goretzka. The death.

22That's not too good, is it? That's23not going to get you on the Christmas card24list, is it? That's maybe not going to25help you on your sales tomorrow, next

week,	next	month,	next	year.	Maybe
forev	er.				

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Do you think he wants to come in here and say that? Do you think he wants to say that in deposition? Do you think he wants to come out and look at these things twice?

8 Don't you think if he thought there 9 was wire brushing on this thing right here 10 (indicating), they would have brought him 11 into court? They would have put him up as 12 their star witness. "This is the man we 13 rely on," they would say. And he is. 14 Their company is.

When they have these burn-down situations or questionable situations or evidence of melting on their conductors and splices, they go to Hubbell. They say, "What happened?" We have reams of evidence of that. They go to the manufacturer.

22If you were running a company like23West Penn, wouldn't you do that? Of24course, you would. That is sound business25practice. I commend them for that. And

if he had said he did nothing wrong, they 1 would bring him into court and say, "This 2 man knows more than we do about this. He 3 sees these things regularly." He 4 inspected 250 failed splices, 20 of which 5 -- most of which had failed because of 6 improper installation of the wire, you 7 know, when you pull it in, the tug and so 8 forth. 9

10He told us that when he testified.11About 20 had been burn-downs because of12improper splice application. He's the man13you would expect them to bring, not me.14He's not getting any business from Michael15Goretzka.

The law firm of Klein & Specter isn't 16 buying any Hubbell splices. And we're not 17 likely to in the future, are we? What do 18 they say? They say, basically, "Well, he 19 is a liar." I mean, I know the word 20 wasn't used, but that's what it amounts 21 Of course, the manufacturer will say 22 to. 23 it was improper installation, because you wouldn't want to blame the splice for 24 something that would have happened. Did 25

you hear that yesterday? 1 But if that's really true, then why 2 does Jill D'Angelo regularly send their 3 failed conductor and failed splices to 4 Hubbell, to MacLean, to look at? If she 5 6 just believes they're going to get a --I'll use the polite word -- baloney 7 answer, then why would you do it? 8 You wouldn't do it. She does it 9 because she wants to know what they think. 10 It's important. It's vitally important. 11 It's life and death important. And, in 12 fact, there is evidence in the record that 13 14 sometimes the company that manufactures the splice says, "Yeah, we've had a 15 problem with our manufacturing." 16 Remember -- I think it was MacLean. 17 That was their name. I may have the name 18 a little bit incorrect. Back in 1999 they 19 wrote back to Miss D'Angelo; and they 20 said, "There was improper splice 21 application here, but there was also a 22 manufacturing problem that we had." 23 Thev said, "Yes, we had a manufacturing 24 problem." They didn't run away from it. 25

They're not a bunch -- the manufacturers are not a bunch of liars, as Mr. Levicoff would have it. And why don't they lie? Why don't they lie? Well, maybe because they realize that this is a life and death issue, because the falling of an energized conductor can kill people.

And this is too important to mince 8 words about. That's true about everything 9 we're looking at here. I mean, if West 10 Penn were in the business of manufacturing 11 comic books instead of transmitting and 12 distributing high-voltage electric power, 13 some of this could be not excused; but you 14 could sort of say, "Well, look, they're in 15 the business of comic books." 16

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So they make a mistake in how much ink they used, the paper was a little bit old, maybe the colorations are not great on the animations. Who cares? Who cares? So you don't have to buy the comic book.

22This is not comic books. Mr. Goretzka23over here, he didn't have any choice on24his electric supplier. They're a25monopoly. You know that. He writes a

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check every month to them still today, even after all this. West Penn knows that they're it. They're it. They know. "Hey, we got this. We have this territory. We're the provider of electricity."

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They have a duty to be extra careful 7 because of all of these privileges and all 8 the dangers involved. There was this 9 great justice, Cardozo. There might be 10 some young lawyers out there. I think in 11 the first couple of weeks of torts class 12 we read a case he wrote called Falsgraf. 13 He said there, "The risk reasonably to be 14 perceived defines the duty to be obeyed." 15

What was the risk reasonably to be perceived by West Penn Power? Death from a falling power line. That defines the duty to be obeyed. How high is that duty under that nature of risk? Huge. That's why the law imposes the highest duty of care practicable on them.

23Okay. Back to how we know that this24was not wire brushed. We know because we25can see with our own eyes. We know it

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because Mr. Havlik said it; and he is supremely credible, supremely, for the reasons that I've expressed to you. Supremely. We know it because Dr. Laird says it. Mr. Dagenhart says it. And even Turek doesn't really dispute it.

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So why all of the fascination -- why 7 all of the fascination with the unfailed 8 side of the failed splice? Remember, it 9 didn't fail. Why have we spent three-plus 10 weeks talking about it? Why? Because 11 they have nothing else to talk about, and 12 they're trying to stir up a controversy 13 14 and make something up to take your eye off the ball of this case. 15

It wasn't that side that failed. 16 Oh, by the way, if that side was wire brushed, 17 the unfailed side, maybe that's why it 18 didn't fail. Right? I mean, after all, 19 you have a piece of weathered 47-year-old 20 conductor in the same splice, right, on 21 both sides. Fails on one and not on the 22 other. In fact, it hadn't overheated on 23 the nonfailed side, although it had 24 overheated in the mid-span splice. 25

Remember that? We'll come back to that in just a minute.

But isn't it pretty good evidence that it wasn't wire brushed on the failed side, that on the unfailed side nothing bad was going on, if that side was wire brushed?

Now, was that side wire brushed? I don't know. I don't know. If you made me decide, if you put me in the box -- you know, I'm actually not allowed to tell you what I would say, because I can't give you my personal opinion. But I'll put it this way, and this I can say: I think the weight of the evidence, the weight of the evidence supports it was probably wire brushed, at least part of it was.

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There is a lot of uncertainty about that, to be fair about it. Havlik said it wasn't when he first saw it the first few times. At trial he said he wasn't sure. He said if it was wire brushed, it certainly wasn't adequate wire brushing.

> Dagenhart said at first it was wire brushed, then he said he's not so sure. Laird said that he thought that the first

bit was wire brushed; in looking at it, a bit more was wire brushed. Turek says the first bit was wire brushed; the last bit was not wire brushed.

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Remember, it was in three pieces. 5 And 6 the middle part, there were parts of it that were wire brushed, particularly down 7 toward the center of it, down toward the 8 center of the splice. I don't know. Does 9 it really matter? Has this not been a 10 lengthy distraction from the side that 11 matters, which is the failed side? I 12 think it has been. 13

14Now, let's say that you decide it's15important, which I think you shouldn't16waste your time on that; but if you17decide, that's okay. Let's say you decide18it was wire brushed. Then you're going to19have to decide: Why is that important in20the scheme of things?

21 Mr. Levicoff has said, "Well, if the 22 same guy did both sides, it would be 23 unusual for him to do one side and not the 24 other." That seems logical. Seems 25 logical. But likely doesn't mean did.

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Likely means likely. If the unfailed side was wire brushed and the failed side was not, how did that happen? There are a lot of possibilities of how that could have happened.

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How? Work is done up in the air. The guy uses the wire brush on one side and doesn't use it on the other. Forgets? Drops it out of the bucket? Who knows what?

The guy does one side on the bucket, 11 decides to come down to do something, 12 whatever, had to make a phone call. Just 13 14 remembered something. Maybe he got a phone call on his cell phone. Who knows? 15 Maybe he had a call of nature. Who knows? 16 Goes back up, finishes the job, doesn't do 17 the other side. 18

19Or the other guy goes up and finishes20the job and doesn't finish the other side.21The other guy thinks the other side was22done by the first guy and does the other23side. Or it was two done on the ground.24Or instead of starting in the front and25going to the rear, they started in the

rear and went to the front. Or it was a remnant of what had been done 47 years ago or some years ago.

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And, actually, there is some support for the idea it was a remnant. Because the wire brushing, if it's there, is more toward the center and not out toward the end; which suggests that if it was wire brushed, it wasn't a thorough job, at least not down the whole way.

So maybe the guy before had wire brushed like this (indicating); and then these men, when they redid it in 2004, they clipped the end. They used the old portion, and they put it in. That's certainly a plausible scenario.

I've given you I don't know how many 17 potential scenarios. They're all 18 unlikely. I don't mind telling you. 19 They're all unlikely. But if you add up 20 the chances that each one of those 21 occurred, 10 percent it was this, 12 22 percent it was that, 4 percent it was 23 this, you know, 10 percent it was 24 something identified here, you get to over 25

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50 percent.

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2	Basically, I don't know. But I also
3	want to tell you that this case can't
4	possibly rise or fall on that question,
5	respectfully. I mean this with the
6	greatest respect to you. It would not be
7	in keeping with your oath as jurors to
8	say, "We can't decide what happened on the
9	nonfailed side of the failed splice, and
10	we're not going to decide the issues in
11	this case favorable the Plaintiff."
12	Please. Carrie Goretzka was not
13	killed by the nonfailed side of the failed
14	splice. She was killed by the failed side
15	of the failed splice. That's where the
16	focus ought to be.
17	Now, did you notice with
18	Mr. Levicoff's two hour and 42 minute
19	narration, there was not a moment, not
20	even a moment of discussion about the
21	other two splices that were installed by
22	Jones and/or Falo on that very same day,
23	June 23, 2004?
24	And I know you know why. Because
25	you've been paying attention. It's

because his man, Turek, the day before had said, "Yeah, those were improperly prepared. Those were not cleaned with a wire brush." All four of those connections, he says that they were cleaned maybe with something else; back of a knife, pair of pliers, something else.

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They were not cleaned with a wire 8 The men did not follow the brush. 9 instructions of the company. They did not 10 follow the instructions of Hubbell. Ι 11 mean, the thing is sitting there right in 12 front of their faces. "Wire brush." Thev 13 actually have to open the package. How 14 can this be anything other than willful 15 ignorance of your instructions? 16

You can't very well say, "I didn't 17 know what I was supposed to do" when it's 18 staring you in the face on the package. 19 Staring you in the face. And in the Bible 20 right there (indicating). By the way, I 21 don't expect these men to memorize this 22 23 thing. I'm going to come back to why we shouldn't expect them to memorize this. 24 Okay. Please, let's talk this through 25

1together for a minute, if we could. We2know to an absolute moral certainty that3those four of the splice connections, the4two in the center span and two in the rear5span, were improperly installed. We know6that because Mr. Turek says that they were7not wire brushed.

8 We know it because Dr. Laird says they 9 weren't brushed at all with anything. 10 They weren't cleaned at all with anything. 11 We know they did not follow their 12 instructions on that. Now, we know that 13 to an absolute uncontroverted, admitted 14 moral certainty.

What does it tell you, ladies and 15 gentlemen of the jury, about the 16 likelihood that if those four in the 17 back -- I shouldn't say "if." What is the 18 likelihood that since those four in the 19 back were improperly installed, improperly 20 installed, that this one here was properly 21 installed (indicating)? 22

I mean, if you're unsure about the
unfailed side of the failed splice -because there is a lot of doubt about

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second. Let's talk about the five remaining connections, the failed side of the failed splice and both ends of the center span splice and the rear side splice. Five connections. We know the other four were wrong. We know that. It's not in dispute. What does that tell you about the chances that the fifth was done correctly?

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And did you notice that there wasn't a word from Mr. Turek on -- hey, Mike, P006821. There wasn't a word from him on this (indicating). Now, you remember this. Maybe I'll do it like this. I think you can all see this.

17Remember we had this discussion? This18is from the north splice out by the back19pole, the south side. The installation20job was so sloppy there that one of the21strands actually didn't make it within the22jaws. Can you imagine how sloppy that23was?

24And that wasn't denied by the25Defendants. Mr. Turek didn't even touch

this in his examination, and he was on direct examination for a day and a half. I was criticized for my two-hour cross. He was on direct for a day and a half, and he never dealt with this.

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So we know that these men were very sloppy on that day. We know that they misinstalled that piece. We know that they did not use a wire brush on either of those splices. We know that they didn't use a wire brush on the failed side of the failed splice. We know that they gave ---Mike, you can take it down.

We know that they gave two different 14 stories on why that line came down in the 15 first place. We don't know if it was 16 Jones or Falo. We know it was Falo for 17 one of them but not for the other. 18 We just don't know. But we know they gave 19 one story, that a tree fell into the line, 20 causing it to fall. And we know they gave 21 another story, that the line and a tree 22 rubbed together, causing the line to fall. 23 Complete diametrically opposed 24 explanations. And that's more good 25

evidence of doing a sloppy job. We know 1 they have no records of anything that they 2 did that day, aside from billing two hours 3 for the job. They don't keep any records. 4 They don't keep a record of who does what 5 on the line. They don't keep a checklist. 6 "Do wire brushing. It's awfully important 7 to do wire brushing." 8

I know they're not airline pilots or 9 operating room nurses, but what they do is 10 just as important. Hasn't this case 11 proven this? It's just as important. 12 If it's an operating room nurse, she's going 13 to check off she has all the sponges 14 before the patient comes out of the 15 operating room. 16

Before the plane takes off, there is a 17 checklist in the cockpit. You've done 18 what you're supposed to do. They don't do 19 any of these things. It's like, "What is 20 the big deal? The thing is going to fall. 21 We'll go and pick it up." It's going to 22 fall energized, and it's going to kill 23 somebody. 24

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Why else do we know -- oh, I meant to

1say: Did you hear that discussion with2Mr. Levicoff yesterday? He's proven to a3certainty, through juxtaposing the4documents of truck assignments, that Jones5and Falo were in their usual truck that6day.

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Remember, I had a discussion with Falo about how he had actually used five different trucks in that one-month period. But Mr. Levicoff, I have to hand it to him. He did prove that they were in the truck that they usually used on the day of this installation on June 23, 2004.

But I don't think he realized that he 14 was proving too much for his case that 15 day. He was proving too much because, 16 "Well, wait a second. You were in your 17 own truck, but you didn't wire brush the 18 installation of the splices on the 19 mid-span and the back span. How could 20 that be? I guess you commonly didn't wire 21 brush. Or I quess you commonly didn't 22 carry a wire brush on your truck, because 23 you were in your regular truck that day." 24 I mean, it would actually be better 25

for these folks on the claim of recklessness if they would come in and say, "You know what? Yeah, we didn't use a wire brush that day, but here's why. We weren't in our own truck. And the other guys didn't have a wire brush on the truck, and we didn't know it when we set out."

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9 But by proving to you -- I think I'm 10 satisfied that they've proven it, that 11 they were in their own truck. And now we 12 know they didn't wire brush these spans. 13 What does that tell you about their 14 customary behavior?

15And with all due respect to them, it's16disconcerting -- I'll just put it that17way -- that they would take the witness18stand and Falo would tell you, "I always19wire brush," after all that evidence.

20I mean, Mr. Levicoff, he knows --21Mr. Levicoff knows what his expert report22says about the failure to wire brush those23other two spans. West Penn knows what24their position is on this, that they were25not wire brushed. Yet their man takes the

witness stand and says, "I always wire
 brush." That's distressing.

Remember how everybody comes here, and 3 Ray makes them swear and take an oath? Ι 4 mean, that's a serious matter. That oath 5 is a serious matter. And it is 6 distressing that they would come in here 7 in court and tell you, through an expert, 8 that these men didn't wire brush those 9 spans, yet let him take the stand and say 10 he always wire brushes without fail. 11

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But then, of course, he undermines the whole credibility of what he says when he says, "Yeah, but I wouldn't say anything to my partner if he didn't wire brush." What does that tell you? "Yeah, I know it's really important to do it, because a line will fall and kill somebody if it's not wire brushed; but if my partner didn't wire brush, I wouldn't say anything."

How else do we know they didn't wire brush? They were trained not to wire brush. It's so distressing. Schellhaus and Rhodes, their trainers, came in and said, "Yes, we train the men that you use

pliers, the back of the knife, whatever, to clean the conductor.

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Mr. Levicoff, by the way -- maybe it's 3 because he doesn't use notes. I don't 4 know the reasons why exactly. But he got 5 up here yesterday and told you the precise 6 opposite. He told you that the trainer 7 said they talked about wire brushing. You 8 were here. You know what they said. They 9 said the opposite. 10

Oh, I had that fight with Mr. Rhodes 11 whether he was really a trainer. Oh, my 12 God. I mean, unbelievable. We put up on 13 14 the screen the interrogatory answers that they swore he was a trainer. He said in 15 deposition he was a trainer. "No, I 16 didn't train, although I don't believe you 17 use a wire brush." 18

19So the trainers, the people they20identify as their trainers say you don't21need to use a wire brush.

Now, I'm going to come back to this,
but this is a good point for me to say:
Is it incumbent on the company to know
what the trainers are telling the men? I

mean, gee whiz, you know, Ms. D'Angelo and the others who were involved with standards here, I mean, put these things in these gigantic books (indicating), but that's not -- that's just not the way the world works. Don't we all know that? Nobody is going to memorize the book.

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You got to know what is being said. You got to go down there and find out. Oh, you don't have to go yourself. You can send somebody. What are we telling our people? I mean, the lineman's job, respectfully, it's not that complicated. The steps in putting up a line, you saw them. They're not that complicated.

Are we doing it right? This thing has 16 gone on for decades. And they've been 17 doing it wrong decade after decade, even 18 after we filed this lawsuit. And they 19 know what happened here. They know it. 20 And these men come in; and they say, "We 21 still do it this way. I still think it's 22 23 okay not to wire brush."

Next, how do we know that they didn't
wire brush? How else, if this weren't

enough? If this weren't enough? We know because they were having an epidemic at West Penn Power of falling splices. An epidemic. It went back before the year 2000.

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She updates the standards. I commend her for what she wrote here in the book, but that's no substitute. Putting it in a book is no substitute for being sure that it's been communicated and being followed.

Mr. Levicoff made a slip yesterday 11 where he said, "She sent it out to whoever 12 they send it out to." Remember that 13 14 yesterday? It was a long speech, and we have to forgive him for an occasional 15 slip. But that really was the attitude at 16 West Penn, "It goes to whoever it goes 17 to." 18

19Excuse me. It's too important.20Everybody who testified, right -- there21were a dozen or more West Penn employees.22Everybody admits. Yes, this is really23important stuff. You have to know that24the wire brushing is done. These oxides25build up. They cause arcing. They cause

burning. They cause melting. They cause the splice to come down. Somebody can be killed. We know it. It's really dangerous.

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Mr. Jones says, "Yeah, if I had ever 5 6 heard that there were splice failures at West Penn Power, I would have never 7 forgotten that. I would have never 8 forgotten. That would be the kind of 9 thing that would stick in my mind." 10 Remember, he told us that. He told us 11 that because he knows how incredibly 12 dangerous that could be. 13

Now, I know it's embarrassing. 14 It's embarrassing for the men when they hear 15 that other men are not cleaning the wires 16 and wires are falling. It's embarrassing. 17 Let's be honest about it. Embarrassment 18 is no comparison to the harm that comes 19 from not getting the word out and having 20 splices fall. 21

22I mean, look, we had some discussion23about the Ford Motor Company here before.24You know, the Ford Motor Company, they25manufacture automobiles. If they have a

1problem with their automobile, they have2to recall the product. Do you think they3want to recall their products? You think4anybody wants to recall a product? Don't5you think it's incredibly embarrassing to6recall a product? It's the last thing a7company wants to do.

So why do they do it? Because they 8 have to for the safety of their customers 9 and everybody on the roadway. Why? 10 Because operating a motor vehicle, it's a 11 dangerous instrumentality. Not as 12 dangerous as high-voltage transmission of 13 14 electric power, but it's really dangerous. So if things are unsafe on the car, you 15 have to recall it, even though it's 16 embarrassing. 17

The same thing is true about the 18 epidemic of splices falling. You got to 19 bring the men in. You got to tell them 20 this is unacceptable. You got to suspend 21 some people, maybe fire people. 22 I mean, 23 these men, Jones and Falo, regrettably, are responsible for the death of Carrie 24 Goretzka. They're not alone. They're 25

1 mostly to blame, because they weren't told 2 important things that they should have 3 been told. They weren't told this is 4 serious business.

"This is serious business, and we're 5 6 having splices fall, and heads are going to roll here because people could be 7 killed." You know that speech. You've 8 heard that speech. Maybe you've given 9 that speech. Maybe to your kids. Maybe 10 to somebody who works for you. Maybe that 11 speech has been given to you in your 12 lifetime. That's a speech that had to be 13 14 given. It was never given. It wasn't even given after this happened. 15 That's disgraceful. 16

And what was this epidemic? Mr. Levicoff likes to show you a couple of E-mails where nothing directly having to do with the issue here is involved, but he wants to focus on some of the collaterals.

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22I'm sure that Miss D'Angelo sent out23lots of good E-mails. I'm sure that in24lots of other respects she is a fine25electrical engineer at West Penn Power.

1There are undoubtedly thousands of fine2employees of West Penn Power, and I'm sure3in many respects they do a good job. This4case is not an indictment of West Penn5Power in any respect other than this issue6of automatic aluminum splices, but it is a7lawsuit over that.

8We need to spend a moment on this.9This is relevant to you both on the issue10of how this line fell, but it's also11relevant on the issue of whether the12conduct here was reckless.

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Now, you're going to be asked to decide "Was the conduct of West Penn Power outrageous?" That's going to be a question you're going to have to answer.

Outrageousness in the law is the same thing as recklessness. The judge will tell you that. I'm going to use the word "recklessness" because I think it's an easier word to work with.

22 So I want you to think about this for 23 both aspects. Number one, whether they 24 were having a real problem with splice 25 failures; number two, whether the conduct

was reckless.

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I'm going to skip over some of the 2 E-mails, because you've seen them. You've 3 heard about them. I'm just going to 4 remind you that we had some issues before 5 6 2000. I'm going to remind you that because of the issues they strengthened 7 the language in the book, although it was 8 not absorbed by anybody. No witness 9 testified that they were even aware of the 10 change in the language in the book. 11 Then we had the problem with Frank 12 Gogol and the three overheated splices 13 14 that appeared on his desk. I'm going to say something about that. That is more 15 evidence of indifference. Just 16 indifference to this issue. 17 I mean, here are overheated splices. 18 We know that that means the line either 19 did fall energized or it could have fallen 20 energized. We don't know that because 21 nobody even says. How can you run a 22 company with things this important and 23 there not be a process under which you 24 would bring in a defective product? I'm 25

not saying manufactured, but defect in 1 terms of what happened. If you were 2 running this company, would you accept 3 that? You would say, "I want a manhunt on 4 where these things came from. I want the 5 word to go. I want person to person. I'm 6 not talking about a memo in the back of a 7 book nobody ever reads. I'm talking about 8 a real conversation. If you have an issue 9 with conductors getting hot and splices 10 failing and the like, tell us. Tell us. 11 This is important. Bring them in. We're 12 going to look at them." 13

They show up on his desk. What's that 14 about? Was it somebody blowing the 15 whistle anonymously? It might have been. 16 Who knows? But it really shows a lack of 17 structure within the company to deal with 18 stuff like this. So they show up. Now 19 there is three of them, and that's an 20 issue. Word got to go out. Do we have 21 other ones? Word doesn't go out. 22 23 Then we go to WPP004090. This was

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that E-mail that was discussed yesterday. Mr. Levicoff wants this to be all about

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copper. Copper was primarily the topic of this E-mail, but it was also on the subject of overheating splices in general. And this was the brand new splice. It was manufactured in 2003, and it had failed by 2004.

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7And she tells the fellow who is the8boss of the men "The importance of9thoroughly cleaning the conductor prior to10installation of an automatic splice or11other conductor cannot be overstressed."12It can't be overstressed.

13 She says down here that, "The sample 14 indicates that somebody ran a knife across 15 the conductor once or twice to clean it, 16 but that's not enough to remove the 17 oxidation." She says, "Based on our 18 experience, this is what causes failures." 19 Right?

20What does she know now? She knows21sending out this thing, the book, it's not22sufficient. It hasn't gotten the word23out. She needs to do more than what she24said. It's not enough to tell that one25guy. You got to get the word out. There

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have to be consequences.

They suspend linemen for engaging in unsafe activities for themselves. How about suspending a linemen for engaging in unsafe activity for the public? Where is that? So you can take that down now.

They then send another splice to Hubbell. Those liars at Hubbell; right? WPP3717. "This appears to be a burn/melt due to increased resistance at the jaw to conductor interface. Poor conductor cleaning probably started the problem by causing the splice to run hot."

Mr. Levicoff says it was unreliable, based on photographs. That is such a laugh. How many times have you seen photographs in the last three weeks which the experts on both sides tell you can form the basis of deciding what happened? A zillion times. Yet he wants to say that Hubbell didn't have enough information.

22 Well, if West Penn didn't think that 23 photographs were enough information for 24 Hubbell, why would they only send 25 photographs? Why would their lawyers only

Certainly, Miss D'Angelo thought they were sufficient. She didn't say, "Oh, this must be wrong because it's only photographs." She relied upon this and held it as being true.

Now, this was just two months after 9 that February E-mail that I just showed 10 you. I forgot something about the 11 February E-mail. Do you remember how this 12 came into this case? It came into the 13 14 case through an overnight roam-through of E-mails by Jill D'Angelo. She said there 15 was an E-mail that she thought she sent 16 out companywide to everybody concerned 17 with conductors about the importance of 18 splice cleaning. 19

Now, that would have been, in my opinion, a very good piece of evidence for them to bring in to show that they really were not indifferent to these issues. And I said to her -- you were here. I said, "Well, where is that E-mail?" "Well, you

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1	know, it's in the system." "Would you
2	come back in tomorrow morning and show it
3	to us?"

4 So the next morning comes. "Did you find the E-mail?" "No. I couldn't find 5 the E-mail. I quess it was never sent." 6 Now, I want to say a couple things to you 7 about that. Number one, that's kind of 8 dirty pool, respectfully, for a witness to 9 say, "I'm sure I sent an E-mail way back 10 when telling people how important it was 11 to have proper splice preparation," 12 because the lawyer might not say, "Well, 13 go look for the E-mail." Right? Not 14 every lawyer is going to ask that 15 question. 16

But I did. You might say I called her 17 bluff. Put up. And it's not there. Now, 18 That's bad. You shouldn't that's bad. 19 tell the jury that you think you sent 20 something. You know this is your one 21 appearance in court; and then when you're 22 put to it, it's not there. Okay. Maybe 23 it was an honest mistake. 24

25 But let's be fair about it. When I

said to her, "Does that mean it probably wasn't sent," she said, "Yeah, that means it probably wasn't sent." That's very bad, because she's admitting she could have sent out that word; and she didn't. And that's very bad.

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And then we have her appear with this 7 E-mail where in February of 2004 she says 8 that here was a brand new splice, only a 9 year old, and it had failed because it had 10 not been properly cleaned. It had been 11 cleaned with pliers or a knife, back of 12 the knife, not with wire brushing. And 13 14 that was not given to us during discovery. It was only given to us the morning she 15 came back in here. 16

17And I said to her, "Shouldn't this18have been given to us a long time ago?"19"Yeah." "What was the response of the20fellow to whom you sent this? Did he21respond?" "Yeah, he responded."

Well, we don't have that response.
His Honor orders the response to be given.
It gets handed across to him by
Mr. Levicoff.

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1	MR. LEVICOFF: Your Honor, may we see
2	the Court at sidebar?
3	THE COURT: Yes.
4	(Sidebar discussion held as follows.)
5	MR. LEVICOFF: Number one, counsel
6	just told the jury the response to this
7	E-mail wasn't provided to them. It
8	absolutely was, and I'm fairly sure it's
9	in evidence. But they absolutely have it.
10	Secondly, he just got confused in what
11	E-mails couldn't be found. The E-mail
12	that he described to the jury, that he
13	told the jury couldn't be found, was the
14	one he was holding in his hand as he made
15	that statement to the jury.
16	The E-mail that couldn't be found is a
17	different E-mail. The E-mail that
18	couldn't be found is an E-mail that
19	forwarded the 2002 standard revision. We
20	just went through that yesterday when we
21	corrected the charge.
22	I'm prepared to show it to the Court
23	after closing statements, but I am placing
24	on the record now an objection to both of
25	those remarks. And I am asking the Court

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to make a study of the record and give a 1 curative instruction at the appropriate 2 time, whether it's now or whether it's in 3 the charge or at some other point. But 4 those were two blatant false statements 5 6 that were just made to the jury. MR. SPECTER: First of all, 7 Mr. Levicoff is badly mistaken. 8 Everything I have said is correct. 9 The E-mail that I'm talking about just now was 10 not produced during discovery. It was 11 produced overnight, just as I said it was. 12 Number two, the E-mail that she says 13 14 she sent out for everybody concerned with conductors, when she searched for that 15 overnight, it couldn't be found. 16 The reply to this E-mail, the one I 17 just referenced in February of 2004, it 18 was requested by me. Your Honor ordered 19 it to be turned over. Mr. Levicoff handed 20 it across to me during the court 21 22 proceeding. In any event, I've had the same issues 23 with things he said; and Your Honor has 24 said the jury recollection of these things 25

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2	THE COURT: I'm going to note your
3	objection. I'm not going to review any
4	more documents. I'm going to tell them,
5	after the close of Mr. Specter's remarks,
6	that these are speeches. They're not
7	evidence. And that any recollection of
8	the facts, you should rely on your own.
9	MR. LEVICOFF: I would ask the Court
10	to make that instruction right now. You
11	did it during my closing argument. I
12	think it's appropriate to make the same
13	remark right now.
14	MR. SPECTER: You said during his
15	closing that their recollection controls.
16	That's fine. Not the rest of it. I have
17	no objection to your saying their
18	recollection controls.
19	MR. LEVICOFF: Right now.
20	THE COURT: At the end of this I am
20	
21	going to remind them about these speeches.
	going to remind them about these speeches. MR. SPECTER: That's fine.
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21 22	MR. SPECTER: That's fine.

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2 MR. SPECTER: Yes, Your Honor. Excuse 3 me.

THE COURT: During the course of 4 either of these closings, which are 5 6 significantly long -- and understandably Because of this case, these men have 7 SO. to do what they're doing. If they 8 represent a fact, "The ceiling is blue or 9 it is white," fine, they can say that. 10 But it's your understanding of what the 11 color of the ceiling is that controls. 12 Okay? That's what I want you to 13 understand. All right? We'll resume. 14 15 Mr. Specter. MR. SPECTER: Thank you. 16 Now, going back to this, so she says 17 that there should have been an E-mail sent 18 out to all these folks. She looks. 19 She can't find it. It should have gone. It 20 didn't go. That was bad. 21 She then produces this overnight, 22 which she says it should have been 23 produced earlier. We discussed that. 24 This was particularly important, because 25

1	it showed a new conductor, newly
2	installed, that failed because of absence
3	of wire brushing.
4	If there were ever a need for proof
5	positive of the importance of wire
6	brushing, this is it. Here is a nice,
7	clean conductor that falls after one year

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because it was improperly cleaned. So you
want to talk about NEETRAC, NEETRAC,
Hubbell, films, this, that, here is proof
positive. I know we don't make judgments
in our lives over one incident occurring,
but this is very strong evidence of the
importance of wire brushing.

So that's February. Then we have this
thing here in April. Then we have the
exchange the same day between
Miss D'Angelo and her boss, Haven Bearley,
WPP003903.

20 Can you blow up, Mike, the Jill --21 toward the top. It's just ahead of 22 standards. You want to talk about 23 recklessly indifferent? Here it is. Here 24 it is. This isn't the only reckless 25 indifference, folks, but here it is, a

good explanation. "The majority of our automatic splice failures had been attributed to poor conductor preparation and improper splice installation." Here is Haven Bearley saying, "We have a problem here."

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God knows how many of these things 7 They're not even keeping there had been. 8 a log of them. They're not even keeping a 9 running record. They don't have reports 10 on how many they have. They're so 11 indifferent at the company, it doesn't 12 even rise to that level. But they know 13 that they have a bunch of them because 14 Bearley refers to it as "the majority." 15 And he knows that the men aren't doing the 16 17 proper job.

18Poor conductor preparation. That19means not wire brushing. And improper20application. So what is his solution to21this problem that every single witness22says is a danger to everybody who might be23within falling distance of a power line in24Western Pennsylvania?

25 What is the solution? Does he say,

1	"Let's get quality assurance involved"?
2	They don't even have quality assurance at
3	West Penn Power. "Let's get the
4	department of safety involved"? They
5	don't have a department of safety at West
6	Penn Power.
7	"Let's get discipline involved. Let's
8	figure out who is doing the wrong thing
9	and get the word out and have men
10	suspended"? No. "Let's get in front of
11	the men and tell them"? No. "Let's get
12	E-mails out"? No.
13	"Do we have a film shown at the
14	training schools?" Excuse me. The
15	training schools are when you're starting
16	out. That's when you start out in the
17	business of being a lineman. I think 1977
18	for one of the fellows and 1995 for the
19	other.
20	You don't see the film again. I asked
21	them both, "Did you ever see a film
22	again?" No. Saw it one time. And,
23	really, sitting the guy down and saying,
24	"Watch this film," would that even if
25	that's what she had did, would it be

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enough? It isn't even what he said to do. He just asked, "Do we show a film in the training schools?" That's, obviously -by the way, if they do, it's not working, because the lines are falling.

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And Jill D'Angelo, I mean, she knows 6 better, because two months earlier she had 7 said, "The importance of thoroughly 8 cleaning the conductor prior to 9 installation of an automatic splice or 10 other conductor cannot be overstressed." 11 It cannot be overstressed. She sounds 12 like me today. If it cannot be 13 overstressed, then why wasn't it stressed? 14

15Why do we leave it to, "Let's just see16if in training schools they have a film"?17Okay. Take that down.

18No quality assurance.No discussion19on retraining.No evidence-gathering.No20analysis.No discipline of the men.No21discussion of infrared."We have a22problem.Let's get infrared involved."23All those things, nothing.

24Then we come to June, and the line25falls in Mr. Goretzka's yard. June 23.

And he's worried. Now, by the way, I don't know if you did the math on this. Maybe one of you did. But that line fell very close to the birth of their first child. Do the math.

He had some other things that he was 6 thinking about on those days, too. He had 7 a new baby in the house. But he still 8 gets on the phone, and he calls. Bring up 9 P005684. We probably want to start with 10 5682. He gets this letter from 11 Mr. Hartung. Can you blow up the text of 12 it? 13

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14Man, there are a whole bunch of15smoking guns in this case, but this is one16of the big ones. I mean, here you got the17guy in claims. He says that "We don't18know why the line came down." That's a19disgrace all by itself.

They don't gather up the failed splices, if they failed. I'll show you why we know that. Doesn't gather up the conductor. Doesn't take it over to standards. Doesn't even drop it anonymously like an orphan on Frank

Gogol's desk. It came down. Yeah, it burned up the lawn. No big deal. It's a beautiful lawn they have. But burned up the lawn. But we know it wasn't a tree. We just don't know why it came down. But the phase burned down. What burned down is the outside phase. It burned down.

That's exactly what Mr. Turek told us on Tuesday happened to the connector in 2009, failed side/failed splice. It burned down. Just what Dr. Laird said happened to the failed side of the failed splice. It burned down. It's what Chris Havlik said happened to the failed side of the failed splice. It burned down. What Johnny Dagenhart said, on the failed side of the failed splice. It burned down.

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18How many other burn-downs were there19at West Penn Power that we just don't know20about because these things were swept into21the trash can? We have these fragments,22these E-mails. We know enough to know23there was an epidemic.

24They didn't even keep an account, a25record, an investigation. It was just

indifference. And you might say, "Well,
 indifference, I mean, is that really
 recklessness? You know, what is
 recklessness?"
 If Mr. Levicoff is driving down Fifth

Avenue -- we were talking about this the 6 other day -- and he's fiddling with the 7 radio controls on the car and so he's 8 momentarily distracted. He gets into an 9 accident, and somebody is hurt. Was he 10 negligent? Yes. Should there be 11 12 compensation for what happened? Yes. Is that recklessness? No. 13

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Should he have damages to punish imposed on him because he was fiddling with the radio for a moment and was momentarily distracted? No. It's not recklessness. It's bad, but not that bad.

19But if Mr. Levicoff decides he's going20to close his eyes driving down Fifth21Avenue and he hits somebody, damages to22compensate? Yeah. Damages to punish?23Yeah. He could be heard to say, "Well, I24closed my eyes, but it doesn't mean I was25going to hit somebody. There could have

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been nobody on Fifth Avenue." No. That's

reckless, because you know there is a significant risk of somebody being killed or injured by what you're doing, and you know that what you're doing is dangerous.

That's what we have here. They're not doing anything to solve this problem. They know it's dangerous. You notice I asked every single one of them not "What do you think now?" "What did you think then? Did you know then that this issue would be dangerous?" "Yes, I knew the danger of a falling power line, what that could mean."

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"Did you know it was very important
you gather physical evidence to look at
it?" "Yes." All of them said that. But
they just don't do it. They don't do it
even here when it falls on Mr. Goretzka's
property.

And then he says, "I talked to the engineer, and the reason the line did not de-energize was due to the fact there wasn't enough fault current to trip the fuse." So, obviously, there was some

problem with the fusing grid system there. 1 And did they go out and solve that? 2 No. Among the many broken promises from 3 Mr. Levicoff was the promise to bring in 4 Mr. Elliott. I forget his first name. He 5 6 touted Mr. Elliott in his opening as the quy that came out in 2009 to look at the 7 grid. That, obviously, wasn't in response 8 to this in 2004. They never dealt with 9 this issue. 10 Again, it's just indifference. It's 11 reckless indifference, because they knew 12 that line fell. And if it had fallen, it 13 could have killed somebody in the yard. I 14 just had this. (Pause.) I wanted to show 15 you something. 16 I just want to show you this. 17 WPP000306. This was a picture taken in 18 the yard the day of the incident. And I 19 don't know if anybody focused on this. 20 But do you see that pink Cadillac? Ι 21 mean, what else do I have to say? I mean, 22 23 seriously. Those kids were out there in

in that pink Cadillac.

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that side yard that day, the day before,

West Penn, they know they're stringing lines through people's yards. They know there is kids there. Okay. Take that down.

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So, anyway, getting back to this. 5 So 6 in 2004 they know the thing burned down. They don't do anything about it. They 7 know they got a problem with their fusing. 8 They don't do anything about it. They 9 sent him a letter. This is not the basis 10 for punitive damages, but it is 11 infuriating when you don't put a phone 12 number for the claims rep on there. 13

So you make a guy go through a switchboard to get ahold of you. We've had that from our credit card companies. It's just not right.

Okay. So Mr. Goretzka, he calls the 18 same day he gets the letter, apparently. 19 He calls in to the call center. P005684. 20 He's unhappy. Blow up this section, Mike, 21 at the top. He's unhappy. It's not the 22 23 cost of the yard. It's the technical jargon. And the line that came down not 24 only this year but the year before. Why 25

did that happen? And in the same place. 1 And he's having concerns for his family's 2 well-being. I mean, if this doesn't 3 justify the imposition of punitive 4 damages, what does? I mean, seriously. 5 6 By the way, on this thing about punitive damages, Mr. Levicoff makes this 7 like it's all my fault that we have this 8 claim for punitive damages; right? 9 In order for the claim to be submitted for 10 punitive damages, the Court has to decide 11 the evidence is sufficient. 12 Now, let's get back to this. He's 13 14 calling in. This line is falling. It's fallen twice. What do they do? 15 They don't do anything. I mean, this is 16 callous indifference. This is 17 Mr. Hartung, who is an experienced claims 18 quy. They are first responders to this 19 stuff. They see these things fall. 20 They see the aftermath, I should say. 21 They see the damage claims. Get the stuff 22 23 to Jill D'Angelo so they can figure out what happened. It's like there is nobody 24

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talking to anybody else at West Penn

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Power. They just don't talk to each other.

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It would be okay if they were in the 3 business of manufacturing comic books. It 4 would be. Because nothing really that bad 5 could happen as a result. But that's not 6 what they do. So from the history of 7 problems at West Penn Power, we know that 8 is strong evidence of why this line fell 9 itself. It's just one more example of 10 this thing falling. 11

12Okay. Why else is it clear? Quickly.13It's clear because of the literature.14There is not a lot, but there is enough.15When I say "literature," I mean what is16available in the field.

The Hubbell film. They want to trash the Hubbell film, but the Hubbell film says there is a 25 percent difference in resistance between wire brushing and not wire brushing.

Now, what is wrong with that as good
evidence that you ought to wire brush?
The NEETRAC studies. They had one study
that was inconclusive because they had two

failures on each side. That is not statistically significant. They ran a bigger study, and they found that there was a statistically significant difference between wire brushing and not wire brushing. That's good evidence.

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The memo I showed you from Jill D'Angelo where the wire failed after one year when it was not wire brushed, that's good evidence. The other wires that are falling, that's good evidence. They say, "Well, why isn't this some sort of nationwide problem?" Actually, it is.

Mr. Levicoff admitted in one of his questions that it was difficult nationally to get people to clean conductor, to get linemen to do it. If West Penn knew that, why weren't they doing more to get it done?

20 We know it from the fact that they had 21 so many instances themselves at their 22 company and weren't training their men 23 properly. We even had Mr. Havlik say, 24 "This is the only company I ever heard of 25 that trains its linemen that it's okay not

to use wire brushing."

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Why else is it clear? It's clear 2 because there is no literature anywhere 3 that says you don't need to wire brush. 4 There is no -- it's not in the standards. 5 6 They haven't changed the standard, at least not that we know of. We don't have 7 any evidence that Hubbell has changed, 8 that you don't need to wire brush. 9 It's only as a defense for this 10 courtroom that you don't need to wire 11 12 brush. And even this fellow they bring in here, Mr. Turek, says, "I still think it's 13 prudent to wire brush." 14 Now, how could he say it's prudent to 15 wire brush? You know why? Because he 16

10white bittent. For know why. Decended int17doesn't believe his own basement science18experiment about which we have very little19information. It wasn't filmed. Didn't20use the wire involved. Didn't want to21tell us. Didn't take any notes. Oh, I'm22sorry. He took notes, but he didn't bring23them with him.

Are you going to make this decision based upon what Mr. Turek had to say?

1	Mr. Turek and he is a nice man. Don't
2	get me wrong. But let's be honest about
3	it. The guy was a sacrificial lamb.
4	I mean, when they have a problem at
5	West Penn Power with their lines, do they
6	go to Mr. Turek for an explanation? No.
7	They go to Hubbell. Hubbell told them,
8	"Your line failed because you didn't clean
9	the conductor."
10	So then they go out and find
11	O'Donnell, who is a real guy. He's a
12	highly-qualified guy. He's a Ph.D.
13	mechanical engineer. Is he going to show
14	his face in this courtroom to back up his
15	report, if he was really part of the
16	report? No. No. He's 12 miles away from
17	here. Don't you think, in a case like
18	this, you want to hear from the real guy,
19	not from a guy who tells you he's sorry
20	he's here?
21	By the way, was I rude to him? Okay.
22	Seriously. I know there was this whole

thing in the opening about how I was going to beat up on people. I want to ask you something. Was I rude to anybody? Did I

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1	pry stuff out of people's mouths?	Did I
2	beat people up?	

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What did I say to Jill D'Angelo? I said, "You don't have to agree with me." That was what I said, "You don't have to agree with me." Why would a lawyer tell a witness "You don't have to agree with me"? That's being courteous to somebody.

9 That's "Hey, please understand I'm on 10 the other side of this case. I'm asking 11 you a question, but you don't have to 12 agree with what I'm saying." That's 13 courtesy.

If you feel like I was discourteous to somebody, please don't hold it against Mr. Goretzka, but please ask yourself: Weren't the questions asked in a way that were designed to get the truth and not to be mean and not to embarrass people for the sake of embarrassing people?

21 Anyway, Mr. Turek, he doesn't even 22 read the important stuff in the file. 23 "You can't read everything," he tells us. 24 Yeah, but how about reading the important 25 things? How about reading the deposition

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 of Mr. Havlik? How about reading the

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 expert report of Mr. Dagenhart? Etcetera,

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 etcetera.

Could you imagine what fun they would 4 have made of our case if I had brought in 5 6 Mr. Turek? I mean, seriously, can you imagine that? They would have brought in 7 Dr. Laird; and they would have said, "We 8 have Dr. Laird on our side. We have 9 Mr. Havlik on our side. And they have a 10 guy who didn't read the stuff, doesn't 11 film his experiments, doesn't keep his 12 notes or doesn't bring them into court, 13 14 and who will put up the most preposterous theory about this thing failed. It failed 15 because of wind, Aeolian wind." I mean, 16 that is junk science. 17

Can you imagine if a Plaintiff came 18 into court and says, "This line came down 19 because of wind, regular winds, just the 20 gentle breezes that flow in our 21 communities. And that's why there ought 22 23 to be compensation paid"? How long would it take you to laugh the Plaintiff out of 24 court? 25

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And wouldn't you think that's a kind of lawsuit abuse that maybe I've heard about on TV? Yeah. This has been lawsuit abuse. It's they have abused the system by bringing you a guy like that to make a preposterous claim like that.

Very quickly. I'm done with the splices. I just want to make a couple other quick points on liability. No. 1, even though the line fell and shouldn't have fallen, Carrie's death could have still be prevented. It could have been prevented by the infrared. It could have been prevented by proper fusing. It could have been prevented by proper grounding.

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First, on the issue of fusing, this 16 will take me 30 seconds and no more. 17 Mr. Dagenhart told you that the 100-T fuse 18 was too big and the smaller fuse like a 19 65-T should have been used. The smaller 20 fuse would have de-energized the line 21 before the resistance got so high that the 22 conductor was damaged and allowed a 23 burn-down. And the fuse should have blown 24 and de-energized the line when it hit the 25

phone line before Carrie was shocked. But Carrie was shocked, and the line did not de-energize.

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And they did not bring in Mr. Elliot 4 to tell you that the 100-T fuse was the 5 right one and it did not de-energize on 6 the line because the line was not properly 7 grounded. And we showed you where the 8 ground points weren't and how they were 9 not there. And they claim "Well, it could 10 have been grounded somewhere else down the 11 line." Well, excuse me. Where is the 12 photograph that shows that they were 13 14 properly grounded? They didn't bring you 15 one.

Now, don't you think with all their 16 resources that if they could have proven 17 the line was properly grounded, they would 18 have done so? On the issue of grounding, 19 Mr. Levicoff said to you that if the phone 20 line was properly grounded, then when the 21 power line contacted, there would have 22 been fireworks from the arc that that 23 created; and the fuse would blow; and the 24 line would de-energize. Those things are 25

true.

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But, number one, the line was not 2 3 properly grounded. So, therefore, it would not blow. Second of all, we know 4 the line did not de-energize. We know 5 6 when it struck Carrie Goretzka, it was energized; and it remained energized for 7 20 minutes until they got there and they 8 de-energized it. 9 They have this long debate, which is 10 meaningless, about Mike Thornburg, 11 meaningless. Completely meaningless. 12 I'm only going to raise it with you because it 13 was dwelt on so much by Mr. Levicoff. Let 14 me deal with it this way. 15 Mr. Thornburg is a highly credible 16 person. There is no question about it 17 from his demeanor. And he loved Carrie 18 Goretzka. Did he see a fireball? I don't 19 know. I mean, his statements to the state 20 police on the day of the incident said he 21 saw fire. He saw -- I forget what he said 22 23 exactly, but he didn't say he saw a fireball. He later said he saw a 24 fireball. He seems to believe he saw a 25

fireball now. On the day he didn't think he saw one.

Let's say he saw a fireball. It was 3 at the same time that he heard JoAnn 4 Goretzka scream for help. He wasn't sure 5 if just before or just after. Well, 6 that's kind of hard to reconcile, 7 candidly, because JoAnn Goretzka doesn't 8 report seeing a fireball at the time she 9 was screaming for help for her 10 daughter-in-law. 11 Don't you think she would have seen a 12

fireball if one had occurred? But maybe she was too traumatized by what was happening and doesn't remember seeing a fireball. That's possible. But, again, it's hard to reconcile what Mike Thornburg says with the other evidence that we have.

19But let's say he saw a fireball.20There was a fireball, and JoAnn didn't see21it. Again, it's possible. Seems22unlikely; but, okay, let's say that's what23happened. We have a clear explanation of24what happened.

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Campbell Laird testified in court that

there was an explosion that would have occurred when the power line came down and struck Carrie on the arm exploding --

remember exploding? He said exploding open the telephone. Look at all of the burn on the telephone (indicating)?

You heard the testimony about all the
burn on Carrie Goretzka. She was
immediately on fire. I hate to say that,
but I have to. Immediately on fire.
Could that produce a fireball? Yeah.
Yeah. So why do we have a ten-minute
excursion into Mike Thornburg?

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Infrared, briefly. Their defense of 14 infrared has shifted pretty substantially, 15 hasn't it? In the opening it was infrared 16 is useless. Then with Dagenhart it was 17 infrared is only used on transmission 18 lines, not distribution lines. Then it 19 was "Yeah. Okay. It is used on lines 20 like this one." Back at Duke Power back 21 in the early 1970s it was used, according 22 23 to Mr. Dagenhart, on lines just like this 24 one.

Now, it's receded to "Yeah. It's used

on lines like ours. We don't use it, but 1 we don't think it's likely to be 2 successful. It might not work." And I 3 want you to think about this for a second. 4 Because there is a chance it won't work. 5 But so what? 6 I mean, for those of us who are men 7 and we go to the doctor, and the doctor 8 asks us to submit to a rectal exam because 9 he's worried about prostate cancer, we 10 don't really want to do that. And it's 11 12 probably not going to be any prostate cancer, but we do it because the 13 14 consequences are so bad for us if we don't do the test. But it's not 100 percent 15 16 accurate. And even that PSA that they do, it's 17 not 100 percent accurate, but we do it 18 because the chances of getting an early 19 diagnosis is so much more important for 20 21 us.

For you ladies -- again, I hate to bring these topics up, but it's a fair comparison. You know, you go for a Pap smear. You go for a mammogram. Well

1maybe it won't pick it up. And maybe if2it does pick it up, it won't be in time.3Maybe you've heard this controversy in the4news. The early diagnosis, how much5difference does it really make?6You know those controversies. Do you7not want to get the test for that reason?

Any of us? Of course, we want the tests. Because we want -- the consequence of being wrong is so terrible that it's worth it for the 50 bucks for the test or whatever they're charging us for it, even if it is uncomfortable.

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That's like the infrared. It wouldn't catch all of them, but it will catch some of them. It will save some lives.

17Now, I want to spend a moment on the18scenario of what happened here. I want to19say to you that this is another disgrace20in this case. First of all, the evidence21is overwhelming that the incident happened22just the way that we said it did, that23this line fell.

It landed on the telephone lines. It
rested on there for a couple of minutes.

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Long enough to take those 200 pair or 100 pair of copper wires and fuse them together. That's going to take quite a while. Remember Mr. Hindeman said he could see the metal coming through the outside when he went up there to repair them. It's very disappointing, I'll put it that way, that that evidence wasn't preserved by West Penn Power. Very disappointing. Very disappointing.

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11Now, Mr. Levicoff wants to deal with12the issue of how far up and how far down13the wire came down on the telephone wires.14Why does that matter? It doesn't make a15blessed bit of difference. It all16happened in the same area over Carrie17Goretzka.

18Mr. Levicoff wants to criticize Carrie19Goretzka for not looking up. But we don't20commonly look up in our everyday21experience. It's just not something that22we do. Because we trust what is above us23is not going to kill us.24I did that little experiment with

25 Dr. Corrigan. "What color is the

ceiling?" She's a fancy biomechanical engineer from MIT and Harvard. She doesn't know. We don't commonly look up. But she knew what color my tie was.

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If that power line was dead ahead of 5 Carrie Goretzka, she would have seen it, 6 just like Dr. Corrigan could see what 7 color my tie was. Look at D33490. Of all 8 of the offensive things. Of all of the 9 offensive things that we've had in this 10 case, this has got to be the most 11 offensive. 12

The idea that Carrie Goretzka would 13 walk out there and walk into a downed 14 power line, it is a sacrilege to her 15 memory. And she's not here to defend 16 herself, but I am. 17

And this idea from Mr. Levicoff that 18 "I'm not blaming Carrie Goretzka" is bull. 19 West Penn Power has accused her of 20 contributory negligence. You have to 21 answer that question on the form, because 22 that is their affirmative defense. 23 Thev didn't have to make that claim. 24 They could have dropped that claim. That's 25

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their claim. And it is deeply, deeply offensive; and I represent the Goretzka family in saying that.

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Deeply offensive. In Mr. Levicoff's 4 opening statement he said to you 5 Mrs. Goretzka walked over and came into 6 contact with this wire. Mrs. Goretzka 7 walked over and came into contact with 8 this wire. This is what he was saying in 9 his opening is what happened. And that is 10 absolutely impossible. 11

12And it's impossible for many reasons13that I could quickly describe. Number14one, it's the height of lunacy that an15adult would walk into a power line like16that. The height of lunacy.

Number two, she wasn't ever there. 17 At least not at any point in time relative to 18 the incident with the power line. Because 19 that's not where the physical evidence 20 was. Put up D033411. Tighten up on the 21 incident area, Mike. Tighten it up some 22 23 more. The physical evidence. If you can look up at the screen, I'm

24If you can look up at the screen, I'm25going to -- you can ask for the

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photographs of this. The physical evidence was in this area right here (indicating). This is where she lay (indicating). This is where her hair was (indicating).

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6 That's where the phone was (indicating). That's where the comb out 7 of her hair was (indicating). That's 8 where it was. The shoes, which were 9 backward, right. We know she wasn't 10 standing there, because the shoes were 11 backward. They came off of her in the 12 sequence. Do we know exactly how? We 13 don't. 14

Do we know whether she saw the line at the last second and put her arm up and jumped away coming out of her shoes with the line coming down on top of her? I mean, all the physical evidence suggests that that is certainly consistent with what happened.

If she had her shoes on, they would
have been badly burned. They were
undamaged. They don't dispute that. They
will tell you "We certainly know she

wasn't standing there, because no human being can stand that way."

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They've chosen to place her there because they know that if they placed her here (indicating), she would be -- she wouldn't be able to reach the line. You see. Put back the last thing up there.

See, if they had placed her -- she laid about halfway between those two trees. The trees were, I think, 22 feet apart. If she had been standing here (indicating), she can't reach the line.

They have to put her in a place where we know she wasn't, because this is where she was (indicating). At least that's where she ended up. They take the only piece of physical evidence that's anywhere near a point where she would be short enough to be in contact with the line if it came down.

Put up D033447. This was Mr. Smyda's drawing. He said that she was adjacent to the burn mark; right? That's where the physical evidence was. That's where she lay. Not down here (indicating). Up here

1(indicating). Halfway between these two2trees. Way too far to be able to come in3contact with that line, if that line came4down the way they said it did, which it5didn't.

6 Because we also know the line came 7 down coiled. It wasn't straight. It came 8 down coiled to some degree. We know that 9 from many of the pictures. For example, 10 P08744. Right? It came down coiled. Put 11 back up D033458.

12And, by the way, if this were really13where the line were -- and you remember14all the discussion about this -- there15would have been quite a bit more line16coming down on the ground, wouldn't there?17There was a lot of line that came down out18of this tree.

19Remember the drawing that Mr. Smyda20did? P006034. Remember out of Tree21No. 4? All of this wire (indicating),22right. If that wire had come straight23down from four through three, that would24have had a big tail that would have come25down onto the ground. Right? Any doubt

There would have been lots of wire left to come down onto the ground. But the wire couldn't have been down on the ground. Because that would have energized the ground. Remember JoAnn Goretzka? As soon as she got to the grass, she was thrown backward.

Remember Tim Harper, the volunteer firefighter who put the fire out on the telephone wires and saw the plastic melting down from the junction box? Remember he said when he stepped onto the grass, he felt a sliver of electric power coming up his leg?

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So if Carrie Goretzka had really been 18 standing here (indicating) and the line 19 had been draped from this tree down to 20 that tree (indicating), it would have been 21 also on the ground. She couldn't maintain 22 23 that position. She would have felt the power as soon as she got off -- as soon as 24 she got off the -- it's not shown here, 25

but as soon as she got off the driveway onto the grass. She would have had the same signal that Harper got and the same signal that her mother-in-law got.

> This effort to blame her is a disgrace, and it is categorically clearly false. There is no evidence that that line was where they say it was when she was there. There is no evidence it was in that tree. Yeah, it brushed the tree.

There was a small burn mark toward the back where it would have come into the tree when it came down on Carrie, but there is no evidence that that line was in that small tree when she came out in that side yard. No evidence at all. Trying to blame her is reprehensible.

18I want to talk to you about damages.19I'm not going to talk to you long about20damages, because I don't think very much21has to be said about damages by me. I22think you are well-equipped to deliberate23on this without hearing much from me about24the subject.

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But I want to go through with you what

the categories are of damages. I want to discuss -- I'm not allowed to ask you for a sum that is specific. So I want to go through with you and discuss with you what I hope will be your considerations on damages.

The first thing I want to say to you 7 is that I want to talk to you about an 8 approach on this. I beg you -- a word I 9 don't commonly use, but I beg you not to 10 sit around and say, "Okay, what is fair 11 for the family?" Then come up with a 12 gross number and then divide it on the 13 That's not fair to these children. 14 slip. It's not fair to her memory. It's not 15 fair to Mike. It's not fair to JoAnn. 16

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The right way to do it, respectfully, 17 is to look at each damage claim one by 18 one. Come to a consensus among you. When 19 10-12 agree, you have a verdict on that. 20 And decide what you think is fair on each 21 damage award and each element of damage. 22 23 And there will be questions, and the questions will have subsets. And that's 24 the proper way of doing it. I say that to 25

you with all respect to you. But I feel I 1 must say that to you. That's the proper 2 3 way of doing it, what is fair for each person and for each aspect of damages. 4 So the first thing you're going to be 5 asked is -- it will be Question No. 3. 6 "What is the amount for wrongful death 7 damages?" And that amount, you'll be 8 told, should include Michael Goretzka's 9 loss of his wife's services, her society 10 and comfort; Chloe Goretzka's loss of her 11 mother's guidance, moral upbringing and --12 I'm sorry, guidance, tutelage and moral 13 upbringing; and Carlie Goretzka's loss of 14 her mother's guidance, tutelage and moral 15 upbringing. 16 And you're going to add those three 17 numbers together, and you're going to put 18 one sum on the line. And then by 19 operation of law that money will be 20 divided. That's the way that works. 21 I don't have much to say to you about 22

that. But I just want to remind you of a few things. On Mike Goretzka, I want you to remember what kind of marriage these

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two had, what a devoted wife she was to him and what a devoted husband he was to her.

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I want you to remember what they were 4 looking forward to together. Raising 5 these kids together. Having a third 6 child. And that third child is a casualty 7 of this. Being soulmates, depending upon 8 each other, being best friends. And not 9 just when you're 43 and 42, but when 10 you're 53 and 52 and 63 and 62 and 73 and 11 72 and 83 and 82. And the relationship 12 changes as you get older. And you need 13 14 your spouse for different things as you get older. 15

For your midlife crisis. For your old 16 age. For the sickness part of that oath 17 that we take when we say -- it's in the 18 oath. And I ask you -- money is not a 19 substitute for a marriage. I know that. 20 We can't do anything better than that, 21 given the limitations of the human 22 condition. 23

24The principal of the tort system is to25find an amount of money which represents

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making the person whole. That's the idea. That's a lot easier to do when somebody has a broken leg and they're in a cast for six weeks and they have another month of rehabilitation. Much easier to fix a number in that situation. It's very hard to fix a fair number for the loss of your spouse.

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But what I suggest to you -- and I say 9 this to you with all respect -- is I think 10 you ought to look at that marriage and ask 11 yourself what that marriage meant and 12 means. In all of its aspects; physical, 13 spiritual, emotional. And I ask you to 14 say to yourself -- they would have been 15 married about easily 40 years. 16

17I ask you what it will mean for Mike18to be without Carrie every second of every19minute of every hour of every day of every20week of every month of those 40 years and21what it's meant for every second, minute,22hour, day, week, month, year for the last23three and a half years.

24 And I ask you to do the math from 25 that. I don't think it's sufficient,

respectfully, to just pick a number out of the air or even take a number and divide by 12, for what it's worth. I think you need to go through the process of saying, "Day-To-Day what is that worth to not have your spouse?" And then do the math from there. I think that is the fair way of doing it.

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It's Mike having to see Carrie and not 9 having Carrie here to support him when he 10 saw her when she was so badly injured, 11 when he heard her make those noises in the 12 ambulance that didn't sound human. When 13 he told his wife "Don't give up on me" and 14 when he made that promise to her to take 15 care of her girls, when he's had to 16 address his girls crying without having 17 his wife there to support him. 18

19When he's been unable to replace her.20She's irreplaceable. But even to the21extent of just even going out on a date.22He can't do it. And the guilt that he23feels from not being able to protect her,24which will haunt him for the rest of his25life. And her not being there to support

him through his guilt.

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And his post-traumatic stress disorder that Dr. Schachter talked about and his major depression, his trouble sleeping and his suicidal thoughts, his inability to enjoy his life. He has this asset in his job of being able to grin and bear it at work. But that makes his recovery even all the more difficult, Dr. Schachter tells us, because he's just a guy that keeps it all in. And that's good in some ways, and it's bad in others.

And when you're considering what is 13 14 fair for the children for guidance and tutelage, losing their mother, it's nearly 15 incalculable, but you have to. I say to 16 you respectfully you have to go through 17 the same analysis on what is fair to 18 compensate these children for every second 19 of every minute of every hour of every day 20 of every week of every month of every year 21 they will be without her. 22

23 And for those of you on the jury who 24 are old enough to have older parents, you 25 know that that guidance and tutelage

actually never ends. It never ends.

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I promised I would get through this without crying myself. So I'm going to do that. But all of the things that they need her for, she's not there for.

And what did Mike Thornburg say? He said she was a fantastic mom. Fantastic. He was the mailman, and he said that. I mean, with the greatest respect to each one of you, how many of your mailmen would say that you're a fantastic parent?

What does that mean about what kind of person she was that she was able to evoke that kind of feeling in her mailman?

Carlie is a beautiful little girl. She has a ready smile. In all those pictures you see her smiling. But, you know, the pictures of Chloe do not show her smiling mostly. When she came in here to court, it was a little bit of a forced smile. Not from Carlie, but from Chloe a bit of a forced smile.

I'm worried about that girl. The
evidence is that she has a lot of anger.
She has a lot of anger. She acts out

frequently. Mike was sort of euphemistic about it. I think he said she's a wild one. I think JoAnn said something similar to that. I have one like that, too. But I worry about her.

Maybe you all have one like that in your house, or maybe you've got a niece or nephew like that. Those are the ones you worry about. Because that condition in an eight-year-old, that doesn't usually just go away. That usually, unfortunately, manifests itself in other ways as they get older.

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And you know all the risks. 14 I don't have to tell you about all the risks there 15 are out there. And I'm not going to tell 16 you that she's not going to be protected, 17 because she's going to be protected. 18 Because Mike Goretzka is going to protect 19 her to the extent that he can. But she 20 needs her mother, and she doesn't have her 21 mother. 22

And the law requires that you fix an amount of money that is commensurate with her loss. And you can't just say there is

no amount that does that. Because that's not what the law provides.

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You took an oath to well and truly try this case before you sat down in these chairs. And you have to follow His Honor's charge, and he'll tell you that you have to award what is fair and reasonable on each of these claims.

I say to you respectfully that that 9 means looking at each of these aspects and 10 fixing an amount that truly covers all of 11 it that places these children as closely 12 as can be placed into the same position 13 that they would be if they still had their 14 mother. That is what the idea of making a 15 person whole is about. 16

And that I say to you, respectfully, 17 is a lot of money. It just plain is. And 18 that's true for each one of these girls. 19 And they have remnants of her. They have 20 the pictures on the refrigerator. They 21 have the clothes in her closet, which have 22 23 been saved in place. And they go, and they play dress-up with those. And they 24 go to the grave, and they talk to their 25

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And they have these cards (indicating). And these cards are beautiful, and you can ask for them. And you'll get them, if you want them. And they're very positive, those cards. And that's very nice. But that's not reality.

They can't go to a sleepover. 10 For those of you who have girls, who have 11 nieces, you know that a sleepover is huge 12 in the development of a young girl. It's 13 huge. Not being able to go on a sleepover 14 is a real problem. Because it's a problem 15 for them in developing appropriate 16 relationships with other kids, other girls 17 particularly, being able to have some 18 independence, of being able to know that 19 you're a big girl just like the other 20 girls. And that's just like one little 21 aspect of this. 22

23 And how is he going to break them of 24 sleeping in the same room with him every 25 single night? He says he's going to do it

when they move into the new house. I know he's going to try. But that is going to be traumatic all by itself. Now, we know that one day that's going to end. That will come to an end. He will not sleep in the same room with those girls. But how will that happen? And when and what will it mean for those girls when that stops? And what other things are going to flow from that?

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They worry they're going to lose their 11 dad, too. Mike and JoAnn don't know what 12 to say when the girls ask what happened to 13 14 their mom. How is that conversation going to occur? The girls get scared when they 15 hear a fire truck or an ambulance. 16 At. school parties Chloe just pulls away and 17 looks at other mothers. She tells other 18 kids in school they're lucky because they 19 have a mom and she doesn't. 20

Carlie won't go to the bathroom at school without somebody else present. What does that mean? You know the other kids see that. And she knows the other kids see that. I mean, for a girl -- at

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least my girls, their friends are everything. It's like way more important than school work. Relationships. It's everything for a girl. Everything for a girl is relationships. What do the other kids think of it?

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What do other kids think of her when she can't go to the bathroom by herself? When she can't go on a sleepover?

They have what they call separation anxiety. It doesn't require an explanation. You know what I'm talking about. So that's the first category.

14The second category is Question No. 4.15Carrie Goretzka's pain, suffering and16disfigurement and Carrie Goretzka's17economic loss.

18So the first thing is pain and19suffering, from what she went through for20those three days, for most of which she21was unconscious. But for 45 minutes she22was conscious.

23 To try to lighten this up slightly 24 just for a moment, do you remember the 25 debate that we had about whether the line

was still energized? Whether she really got a full 20 minutes of electric shock? Or whether the power was off? And the mindless decision by West Penn Power to try to argue about whether the line was still on?

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Even with Mr. Harper telling us that 7 he could feel the electricity coming up 8 his leg? Even with JoAnn herself being 9 shocked by stepping onto the grass? Even 10 with Walt Lipinski, who didn't get 11 there -- remember Walt Lipinski, who was 12 the EMT? Big guy, dark shirt. Purple 13 something. Purple tie. A very solid guy. 14

Remember when I guess it was Miss Deemer said, "So the wire hit her on the wrist; right?" "Nope, ma'am. I said the forearm." Remember that exchange between Mr. Lipinski and Miss Deemer?

The questioning of him. "Well, the power wasn't still on?" Well, he told us -- I think he answered my question. He saw sparks and flame coming from her body. He didn't get there until 4:40. The line didn't get off her until 4:50. How do you

have sparks and flame coming from her body 1 unless the line is still energized? 2 We had this atrocious argument from 3 Mr. Smyda about how he knew to a certainty 4 that the line was off at 4:29 and 37 5 seconds or some such thing. We know 6 that's not true. Why would they put 7 people up to say these things? 8 I mean, it's an insult to everybody's 9 intelligence in this room, particularly 10 yours. What about that argument "Well, 11 how many volts did she really get? Did 12 she really get 7200 volts?" Remember that 13 discussion? How incredibly offensive. 14 "How many volts did she really get?" 15 I want you to know I am not an 16 electrical engineer, but I have figured 17 out exactly how many volts of electricity 18 Carrie Goretzka got for 20 minutes. 19 Ι figured it out exactly. Enough. Enough. 20 Enough to kill her. 21 Enough to cause burns; third degree, 22 fourth degree, fifth degree. 23 I didn't

burns until this case. Over 80 percent,

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know there were fourth and fifth degree

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90 percent of her body. Not enough to kill her instantly, but enough to keep her awake moaning, wincing, crying, being conscious for 20 minutes getting that electric shock.

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And, again, for this I think you have to ask yourself "What is fair for a second of exposure to that electric shock or two seconds or 12 seconds?" Let's say 12 seconds. 12 seconds of a 7200-volt line. 12 seconds. She was getting that exposure for 20 minutes. That is 1200 seconds. 1200 seconds. Whatever you think is fair for 12 seconds in your collective wisdom and multiply it by 100.

Because let me tell you if it were 16 only 12 seconds, they would be here 17 telling you that. They would be here 18 saying, "It was only 12 seconds. You can 19 get through 12 seconds. You all can in 20 12 seconds, no matter how excruciating." 21 I'm not sure that's true. But that would 22 23 be their argument.

24 But it was 1200 seconds until that hot 25 stick got that line off of her. What is

fair for that? And she has another 25 minutes before she gets enough pain medication on board to make her unconscious. So it's 45 minutes of the most gruesome pain and suffering any human being could possibly endure.

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I defy you in your deliberations to come up with anything that could happen to anybody that could be worse than that. It's impossible.

Now, in your consideration of this, there is the issue of the photographs of what happened to her. We could have done this in open court. We could have put those photographs up on the screen for you to see. Of course, the Goretzkas' would have left the room, I'm sure.

We could have shown those to you. And 18 this is a very difficult decision for the 19 lawyer for the Goretzka family, because 20 those pictures are indispensable for your 21 fair consideration of what Carrie went 22 through. Indispensable. You cannot know 23 what she went through without seeing that. 24 You have to see that her left hand was 25

basically intact. The idea that she grabbed that line or she touched the line with her hand is belied by the condition of her hand. You'll see it for yourself.

You have to see what happened to her arm. You have to see what happened to her face. You have to see what happened to her legs, to her toes. You have to see that. But I know there is some of you who will not be able to bear looking at those pictures. I know that. Or there may be, I should say. And I refuse to make you do it. I refuse.

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14 So this is what we're going to do. There are three pictures in here. Just 15 three; one of the arm and the hand, one of 16 his face and one of her lower extremities. 17 If you ask for these pictures, they will 18 come back. They'll come back in this 19 envelope (indicating). They won't come 20 back loose. Please ask for them. For 21 those of you who don't want to look at 22 23 them, you don't have to. For those of you who think it's important, as I 24 respectfully suggest they are very 25

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important, you can look at them. And you can understand what happened to her. And you can share that with your colleagues on the jury.

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And then that way, those of you who 5 don't want to look don't have to look. 6 Ι won't impose that upon you unnecessarily. 7 And we did the same thing with the girls, 8 members of the jury. Those girls could 9 have testified. I could have brought them 10 to testify. But I did not want to do that 11 to them or even to you. 12

It was adequate to have them back 13 14 there so you could meet them. That was adequate. But I could have done a lot 15 I could have brought in all the 16 more. rest of the neighbors and had them tell 17 you the gruesome things that they saw and 18 the EMTs and the other fire-fighters. 19 But we tried to present a case that was 20 sufficient that, respectfully, at least 21 aimed to be understated. 22

23 Because you don't need every fact. 24 You need the important facts. And you've 25 gotten the important facts from us. But

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this, I suggest to you respectfully, is very important.

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Now, you'll then need to consider her 3 -- the economic loss occasioned by her 4 death. And you got those figures from 5 6 Mr. Lally, the accountant. They were not disputed. They range between \$2.6 and 7 \$4.4 million. You're not required to 8 accept those numbers. You can pick one of 9 those numbers. You can pick something in 10 between. 11

You can decide that she never would 12 have gone back to work and award nothing. 13 You can decide she would have gone back to 14 work and she would have made more. And 15 there is a basis for concluding she would 16 have made more. He had her come back at a 17 significant lower rate of pay than she had 18 been making before. I'm not sure why he 19 did that, but he did. 20

21On the other hand, you could conclude22they were going to have a third child and23she would have stayed out of the work24force a little longer. So you can deduct25for that. It's strictly up to you.

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But I want to tell you that that is -those numbers, \$2.6 to \$4.4 million are --I'm allowed to tell you a number there, which I have done. I want you to understand that those are the tip of the iceberg in this case, the tip of the iceberg. And they are really, in a sense -- it's an insult to even talk about those numbers in comparison to what she meant to her daughters and what she meant to her husband and what she went through in terms of her pain and suffering.

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And I'm reminded of something that was 13 14 said about this subject during a campaign for public office in 1968, which was a 15 terrible year for our country. And there 16 was discussion about how the country was 17 doing well economically, that we had a 18 wonderful Gross National Product and how 19 we should be focused on that. 20

21And the candidate for president said22we shouldn't be focused on the Gross23National Product; we should be focusing on24who we are.

25 Remember I asked Mike Goretzka, "I

want you to describe Carrie" with regard to certain words. Remember I picked out words? Beauty, strength of marriage, intelligence, integrity, those words. I wanted to do that because I wanted to be

able to read this to you in this closing speech. This man running for president said,

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"Yet the Gross National Product does not 9 allow for the health of our children, the 10 quality of their education or the joy of 11 their play. It does not include the 12 beauty of our poetry or the strength of 13 our marriages, the intelligence of our 14 public debate or the integrity of our 15 public officials. 16

"It matters neither our wit nor our
encourage, neither our wisdom nor our
learning, neither our compassion nor our
devotion to our country. It measures
everything, in short, except that which
makes life worthwhile."

23 So when you consider those numbers 24 from Mr. Lally, I want you to consider 25 that they are really the edge of the tip

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of the iceberg for what this woman meant to her family.

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Now, then you're asked to determine 3 what to award to JoAnn Goretzka for what 4 she has gone through. And that is in two 5 categories. One is her injury for burning 6 her hands on the ground when she fell 7 backward trying to rescue her 8 daughter-in-law. And the other is her 9 emotional distress arising from what she 10 saw that day. 11

And she told you that she'll never forget what she saw that day. She'll always have that image of Carrie on fire in her mind. She studies all the power lines now when she goes out for a walk with her dog. And she was diagnosed, also, with post-traumatic stress disorder and depression arising from that.

20 And that is, obviously, very 21 difficult. If this case were -- if we 22 tried this case only for JoAnn Goretzka 23 and not for her grandchildren and not for 24 her daughter-in-law and not for Mike, the 25 award to her itself, I respectfully

suggest, would be a very substantial 1 award. I ask you not to cast her award to 2 the side. She's a person, too; and she 3 suffered as well. 4 Then you'll be asked what to award to 5 6 Chloe Goretzka from witnessing what happened to her mother. And what an 7 unbelievably traumatic moment that must 8 have been and how that remains for her and 9 how that must haunt her every day. 10 And you heard Mike Thornburg, the 11 mailman, say that when he saw them, he saw 12 them huddled on the porch in a ball scared 13 out of their minds. And how must that be 14 for her every day? 15 Then you must do the same thing and 16 award what is fair to Carlie for emotional 17 distress from witnessing what happened to 18 her mother. That's a separate area of 19 damages. It's separate from not having a 20 mother. It's the damage from witnessing 21 your mother's death by electrocution, by 22 23 being on fire. And you heard JoAnn say she heard the 24 kids yell "Mommy. Mommy is on fire." 25

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Could there be a more horrible thing for a child to utter and to have to see than that? So you have to decide what is fair for that.

Then you have to decide whether Carrie 5 6 Goretzka was herself negligent. I'm not going to discuss that any more. 7 Ι respectfully suggest that the answer is 8 Then you have to decide whether West 9 no. Penn Power's conduct was outrageous, 10 which, as I say, is recklessness. I don't 11 have anything more to say to you on the 12 topic of whether it was reckless. 13

Respectfully, I believe we've 14 thoroughly proven the reckless 15 indifference to the safety of others. 16 But if you find it was reckless, outrageous, 17 you have to decide how much to award. And 18 His Honor will tell you that when you 19 decide how much to award, you have to 20 consider several things. 21

You have to consider the
reprehensibility of the conduct, its
nature. You have to consider fixing an
amount that will be a deterrent to them

and to others. And you know that your verdict is going to speak very loudly, very loudly. What you say is going to be heard. It will be heard. And we are required to show you the net worth of the company as part of that. That's why we had to reopen the case yesterday. You saw that number was \$244 million.

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I don't know how they get to a number like that on a public utility, which is a monopoly. But that's, apparently, the number that they publish.

That's just West Penn's net worth. 13 14 And that should not be considered by you in deciding how much to award to 15 compensate. Whether they're worth \$1 or 16 \$20 billion is irrelevant to what is there 17 to compensate the family for what 18 happened. It's an entirely separate 19 issue. And whatever resources they have 20 to pay is not your concern. It's not your 21 concern on damages to compensate. 22 It is 23 relevant on damages to punish. I think it's very difficult to 24

25 consider \$244 million and to decide what

is fair from looking at that as the net 1 worth of the company. Because I don't 2 think any of us deal with numbers like 3 \$244 million every day. 4 So I would suggest to you that we put 5 aside their net worth and we think about 6 them as a person who is not a wealthy 7 person but who did a very bad thing. Just 8 as bad as what West Penn Power did here. 9

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And just so we're clear, this case is not about Jill D'Angelo. It's about all of them. It's about Haven Bearley and Jill D'Angelo and the trainers and the people above them who didn't supervise and all of those who went into these decisions not to examine evidence of failures, learn from them, prevent this from happening, from not checking on grounding and all the rest of it to not using the infrared. Not doing all the things they should have done to protect people in this community.

22Imagine a person did all of those23things, and this beautiful woman was taken24from the earth for that senseless reason,25and you have to decide how much money to

take from that person. Because jail wasn't an option.

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Oh, and, by the way, I left something out that I needed to say. I'm obligated to argue only from the evidence. I can't say anything beyond the evidence. But you heard the evidence in this case that the day of or the day after this tragedy the Public Utility Commission asked West Penn Power "When are we going to get your final report on what happened here? We want to know why this line fell again."

Remember that E-mail? "We want to 13 know why this line fell again." They knew 14 the line had fallen before. They knew the 15 line had fallen again. I guess that had 16 been transmitted to them in that initial 17 communication. A year and a half later 18 the evidence was they still hadn't sent 19 that final investigation report to the 20 PUC. 21

And the reason that I bring that up to you is to highlight for you how you are it. You're it. Because there has been such a failure here at West Penn Power.

1They have not been held accountable for2what they've done. They're able to get3away with not reporting to the PUC for at4least a year and a half. So it all rests5with you. With you.

Okay. Back to where I was. 6 So the person is only -- they act so 7 reprehensibly they cause Carrie Goretzka's 8 They have only \$10 to their name. 9 death. Just the one Andrew Hamilton. This is 10 their net worth. In fact, this is their 11 worth. This is what they have in their 12 pocket. 13

And you are called upon to decide how much you're going to take from them in order to punish them for the reprehensible thing that they did and deter them and others from this kind of conduct.

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19So what are the options available to20you? A fairly wide range. You could take21a penny from this person who is worth \$10.22And you have to ask yourself, will that23punish and deter him? What will the24person say who is worth \$10 from whom25you've taken a penny?

I suggest to you, respectfully, they would brush the award off their shoulder like lint. Let's say that you take a dime from them. They have \$10, and you take a dime. What will they say? Well, it's more than lint off the shoulder, but not much more. Let's say that you take a dollar from them. That probably hurts. Now, I'm not suggesting that you take ten percent from them, which is what a dollar would be. Or one percent, which is

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what a dime will be. Or one-tenth of one percent, which is what a penny would be.

What I do suggest to you is the appropriate way of looking at this is to say what would it be if it were a guy with \$10? How much would that be? To make him feel it. To make him not do it again. And then just go do the math on that \$244 million. That seems to be the most reasonable way of approaching that issue.

When I tell you that, I recognize, again, that that is imperfect, but that's what the law requires. And they need to get the message. And getting the message

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1	is entirely separate from your award to
2	compensate the Goretzka family for her
3	death.
4	Now, I'm almost through. I'm sure His
5	Honor is delighted by that. I just want
6	to check with my colleagues. (Pause.)
7	I just want to say a couple things to
8	you. I'm very grateful to you for how
9	patient you've been in listening to me.
10	I'm honored to be in this courtroom,
11	Judge Della Vecchia, before you. I'm
12	honored to be the lawyer for this
13	wonderful family. I'm honored to be here
14	with you ladies and gentlemen. It's not
15	been any surprise to me that you've been
16	here early every day. No surprise.
17	There has been no surprise we have not
18	lost a juror. This case is so important.
19	I just want to leave you with this.
20	This is from Edna St. Vincent Millay,
21	"Dirge Without Music." I just changed a
22	little bit of it.
23	"I am not resigned to the shutting
24	away of loving hearts in the hard ground.
25	So it is, and so it will be, for so it has

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2309 . Into the darkness

been, time out of mind. Into the darkness she goes, the wise and the lovely. Crowned with lilies and with laurel she goes. But I am not resigned."

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I ask you to be not resigned. Be not 5 6 resigned. I ask you to conduct your deliberations with honor for everyone in 7 this case. Go through each question with 8 exquisite care. To vindicate Carrie 9 Goretzka, to vindicate who she was as a 10 person, to vindicate the care that she 11 took for her family when confronting an 12 emergency not of her making, to vindicate 13 Mike Goretzka for having the encourage to 14 be here and to go through this himself, to 15 vindicate people of this community who 16 need to hear from you about what you 17 decide is the culpability of this company 18 for its conduct in relation to its power 19 lines. And to deliver a message to them 20 through your verdict that will make them 21 change, that will deter them from this 22 kind of conduct in the future. 23

24I noticed that my opponent did not ask25you for a verdict in favor of West Penn

Power. Remarkable. I will not follow 1 that lead. I ask you for a verdict for 2 the Goretzka family on each of the 3 questions that are asked. I ask you to 4 find that Carrie was not negligent. 5 6 I ask you to award very substantial 7 damages in each element of these damages, and I ask you to award very substantial 8 damages to punish. I thank you for your 9 attention to me. God bless you. 10 THE COURT: All right. I want 11 everybody in the gallery and the audience 12 to remain seated after the jury leaves, 13 14 because I have a few things to say. You've now heard the speeches of both 15 counsel. We're going to take a break 16 before I give my speech. And I will tell 17 you in the speech and as I told you in my 18 opening speech, the closing arguments of 19 counsel are just that. They are not 20 evidence. 21 Mr. Levicoff spoke yesterday and 22 Mr. Specter today. They are not evidence. 23 It's their understandings of the evidence. 24 But it's your understanding that controls. 25

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